Financial Report
with Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education

Macomb Intermediate School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Macomb Intermediate School District (the "Intermediate School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Macomb Intermediate School District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Macomb Intermediate School District as of June 30, 2025 and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Intermediate School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Intermediate School District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



To the Board of Education Macomb Intermediate School District

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Intermediate School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Intermediate School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Macomb Intermediate School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 23, 2025 on our consideration of Macomb Intermediate School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Macomb Intermediate School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Macomb Intermediate School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 23, 2025

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Macomb Intermediate School District's (the "Intermediate School District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Intermediate School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the Intermediate School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Macomb Intermediate School District financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole Intermediate School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the Intermediate School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the Intermediate School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Intermediate School District's most significant funds - the General Fund, the Special Education Fund, the General Capital Projects Fund, and the 2023 School Building and Site Bonds Fund - with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The other remaining statements relate to the Intermediate School District's proprietary funds (internal service funds, including the Cooperative Education Fund and Compensated Absence and Self-Insurance Fund, and enterprise funds, including the Student Accounting and Wide Area Network (WAN) funds).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information for Major Funds

Schedules of the Intermediate School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and Net OPEB Liabilities (Asset)

Schedules of Pension and OPEB Contributions

Supplementary Information

Reporting the Intermediate School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the Intermediate School District is, "As a whole, what is the Intermediate School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the Intermediate School District's financial statements, report information on the Intermediate School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

These two statements report the Intermediate School District's net position - the difference between assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the Intermediate School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Intermediate School District's net position, as reported in the statement of activities, are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the Intermediate School District's operating results. However, the Intermediate School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the Intermediate School District.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental and business-type activities for the Intermediate School District, which encompass all of the Intermediate School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, and interdistrict payments to local districts. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the Intermediate School District's Fund Financial Statements

The Intermediate School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Intermediate School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law. However, the Intermediate School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The funds of the Intermediate School District use the following accounting approaches:

Governmental Funds

The majority of the Intermediate School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the Intermediate School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Intermediate School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the economic resources measurement and an accounting method called full accrual accounting. The proprietary fund statements present a long-term view of operations and the services they provide to other funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Intermediate School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the Intermediate School District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the Intermediate School District's net position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	(Government	Business-ty	Business-type Activities			
	2025 2024			2025	2024		
		(in mill	ions)	(in m	illions)		
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$	373.8	*				
Capital assets		90.3	59.8	0.1	0.3		
Total assets		464.1	385.0	11.1	11.2		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		62.4	79.5	-	-		
Liabilities							
Current liabilities		75.7	66.6	-	-		
Noncurrent liabilities		102.0	102.3	-	-		
Net pension liability		169.8	219.9				
Total liabilities		347.5	388.8	-	-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		96.2	68.7				
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		53.2	53.1	0.1	-		
Restricted:							
Food service		0.2	0.2	-	-		
Capital projects		4.9	1.6	-	-		
Net OPEB asset		30.0	3.9	-	-		
Unrestricted		(5.5)	(51.8)	11.0	11.2		
Total net position	\$	82.8	\$ 7.0	\$ 11.1	\$ 11.2		

The above analysis focuses on the net position. The change in net position of the Intermediate School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The Intermediate School District's net position of governmental activities was \$82.8 million at June 30, 2025. Net investment in capital assets, totaling \$53.2 million, compares the original cost, less depreciation of the Intermediate School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints associated with the expenditure of special education funds and enabling legislation that limit the Intermediate School District's ability to use the net position for day-to-day operations and to show restrictions on net position related to the OPEB asset. The remaining amount of net position, \$(5.5) million, was unrestricted.

As required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Intermediate School District adopted GASB Statement Nos. 68 and No. 71. These standards required the inclusion of the Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System's pension obligation within the Intermediate School District's financial statements, effective July 1, 2014. The effect of the adoption was to decrease the July 1, 2014 beginning net position by approximately \$141.2 million and include the obligation and related deferred inflows and outflows in subsequent financial statements. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Intermediate School District adopted GASB Statement No. 75. This standard required the inclusion of the Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System's postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) within the Intermediate School District's financial statements, effective July 1, 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The effect of the adoption was to decrease the July 1, 2017 beginning net position by approximately \$60.4 million and include the obligation and related deferred inflows and outflows in subsequent financial statements. All governments participating in the retirement plan were required to adopt these new standards. While this represents a significant amount, the retirement plan itself is substantially funded, and our statutory required contribution is annually budgeted for. In addition, it is our opinion that this unfunded liability should be allocated not just to those entities participating in the retirement plan but rather to any entity receiving state funding, a portion of which is attributable to the retirement plan.

The unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations, less the impact of the adoption of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71. The restricted and unrestricted net position balances enable the Intermediate School District to meet working capital and cash flow requirements, as well as to provide for future uncertainties. The operating results of the General, Special Education, General Capital Projects, and 2023 School Building and Site Bonds funds will continue to have a significant impact on the change in the unrestricted and restricted net position from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the Intermediate School District as a whole are reported in the condensed statement of activities below, which shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

		Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	Business-type Activities			
	2025 2024		2025	2024				
		(in mi	llions)	(in m	illions)			
Revenue								
Program revenue:								
Charges for services	\$	0.2	,	\$ 2.6	\$ 2.6			
Operating grants		214.7	205.5	-	-			
General revenue:								
Taxes		184.2	169.2	-	-			
State aid not restricted to specific purposes		10.0	10.1	-	-			
Other		17.6	14.8	-				
Total revenue		426.7	399.8	2.6	2.6			
Expenses								
Instruction		47.7	50.3	-	-			
Support services		103.7	103.9	-	-			
Food services		0.8	0.7	-	-			
Community services		2.7	3.2	-	-			
Payments to other entities and public schools		187.0	170.1	-	-			
Debt service		5.5	3.4	-	-			
Depreciation expense (unallocated)		3.5	3.3	_	-			
WAN and student database services expense		-		2.7	2.6			
Total expenses		350.9	334.9	2.7	2.6			
Change in Net Position		75.8	64.9	(0.1)	-			
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year		7.0	(57.9)	11.2	11.2			
Net Position - End of year	\$	82.8	\$ 7.0	\$ 11.1	\$ 11.2			
•			·	· ·	·			

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$350.9 million, an increase of 16.2 million over the prior year. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$214.7 million). We paid for the remaining public benefit portion of our governmental activities with \$184.2 million in taxes, \$10.0 million in state foundation allowance, and other revenue (i.e., interest and general entitlements).

The Intermediate School District experienced an increase in net position of \$75.8 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the Intermediate School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the Intermediate School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities unrestricted net position (the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations) decreased slightly. The current level of unrestricted net position stands at \$11 million.

The Intermediate School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the Intermediate School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the Intermediate School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the Intermediate School District's overall financial health.

As the Intermediate School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported an increase of approximately \$12.7 million in combined fund balance from last year. The primary reasons for the increase are as follows:

In the General Fund, fund balance increased by approximately \$4.0 million. The General Fund fund balance is available to fund costs related to allowable operating purposes and will assist in covering any shortfalls or late payments that may occur in the future based on payments from the State of Michigan.

The Special Education Fund reported a net increase in fund balance of approximately \$11.0 million.

The General Capital Projects Fund fund balance increased by approximately \$24 million, primarily as a result of transfers of funds into the General Capital Projects Fund (see Note 9).

The 2023 Building and Site Bonds Fund fund balance decreased by \$27.6 million due to continued spending of the 2023 Building and Site Bond proceeds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Intermediate School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was actually adopted just before year end. A schedule showing the Intermediate School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the required supplementary information to these financial statements.

There were revisions made to the 2024-2025 General Fund original budget. Budgeted revenue increased by approximately \$48.5 million primarily due to the addition of certain state and federal grants that were not originally budgeted.

Budgeted expenditures were also increased by \$46.9 million to account for the additional expenditures (salaries, support services, and interdistrict transfers) primarily as a result of the increased grant funding.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts, other than differences that arose related to grant funds being budgeted at their full amounts (both revenue and expenditures) and the timing differences that arose from the actual grant spending process, along with discretionary transfers between funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2025, the Intermediate School District (governmental activities) had \$90,262,773 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment. This represents a net increase of approximately \$30.5 million from 2024 to 2025.

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities			
		2025	_	2024	2025		2024	
Land	\$	8,687,327	\$	8,687,327	\$ -	\$	-	
Construction in progress		40,376,312		8,090,728	-		-	
Buildings and improvements		50,947,992		50,169,301	_		-	
Furniture and equipment		15,936,247		15,545,374	1,275,946		1,265,886	
Buses and other vehicles		19,097,659		18,728,159	-		-	
Land improvements		5,635,413		5,610,537	 -			
Total capital assets		140,680,950		106,831,426	1,275,946		1,265,886	
Less accumulated depreciation		50,418,177		47,024,691	1,117,775		920,559	
Total capital assets - Net of accumulated						_		
depreciation	\$	90,262,773	\$	59,806,735	\$ 158,171	\$	345,327	

This year's additions of approximately \$34 million consisted primarily of construction in progress, buildings, furniture and equipment, and buses and other vehicles.

Long-term Obligations

Long-term obligations include general obligation bonds, accrued severance pay, compensated absences, arbitrage liabilities, pension liability, and self-insurance liabilities. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

At the end of this year, the Intermediate School District had \$95.4 in general obligation bonds outstanding, versus \$97.2 in the previous year related to the 2023 bond issuance.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The Intermediate School District's revenue is heavily dependent on local property taxes and state categorical funding. The 2025/2026 budget reflects a 3.1 percent increase in property tax revenue due to continued higher inflation. Commercial and industrial personal property taxes were phased out in 2013, and, while we expect to continue to be reimbursed for that lost personal property tax revenue, we will only be reimbursed at 2013 levels. Between 2009/2010 and 2013/2014, we experienced a cumulative decline of over 24 percent during this five-year period. With no significant changes to the property tax laws, it took until the 2022/2023 school year to restore the funding level back to the 2008/2009 level. Taxable values have grown at an average of 5.2 percent over the last 8 years, and, while future growth may not maintain that pace, we are expected to see continued growth in the near term.

We continue to experience an improving economy through the end of March 2025 and continued tax receipts, as indicated in the recent May 2025 Revenue Estimating Conference. Despite that, there continues to be pressures on the General Fund (continued inflation, road funding proposals, and the undetermined effects of tariffs and other executive orders), which results in continued and potential increased use of the State School Aid Fund and its prior personal property tax elimination earmark to fund higher education, community colleges, and economic incentives that were previously funded by the State General Fund. We saw this trend continue in the recent 2025-2026 state budget that was passed, where the School Aid Fund was forced to fund an additional \$420 million of community college and university funding that was previously funded by the General Fund. These and new initiatives, such as preschool for all, and free breakfast and lunch for all continue to limit the School Aid Fund's growth.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Recent school aid budgets have seen increases in special education funding in areas specifically related to recommendations identified in the 2018 School Finance Research Study and that align with recommendations made by the Special Education Instructional Leadership Network (SEILN). This includes all districts now receiving both foundation allowance and the required Durant reimbursement for all special education programs as well as ISDs receiving additional revenue for Section 56 millage equalization. This increased revenue has been timely, as demand for services for special education students continues to grow. This increase has been seen particularly for students who are severely impaired, born prematurely, or with low birth weight, students with autism spectrum disorder, and older students who need transition skills and services. Accordingly, our School Improvement Plan includes a recommendation to pursue the acquisition of more space for future needs.

Additionally, Macomb County school districts continue to benefit from a substantial 10-year countywide enhancement millage that was passed in March 2020. In 2025-2026, over \$73 million will be levied and ultimately distributed to all Macomb County school districts and public school academies on a per pupil basis annually.

The board and administration have reviewed and continue to review all aspects of the operation to address these changes in funding. With that in mind, the fund balances of our major funds have stabilized and are expected to see growth over the next few years.

As noted in the long-term obligation section above, the Intermediate School District issued \$97.5 million of bonds in October 2023. These bond proceeds will be used primarily for the construction of a special education facility, which has begun and is expected to be completed in the summer of 2026. The balance of these bond proceeds will be used on repairs/improvements to the Intermediate School District's existing special education facilities.

The need to service students and provide services to our constituent school districts has expanded significantly in the past several years, particularly in the areas of consultant services, special education, technology, and business services.

To provide necessary services and, at the same time, maintain fiscal responsibility, the following priorities were established and supported by the county superintendents; special education, curriculum, and technology directors; other school leaders; and the County-Wide School Improvement Strategic Planning Committee:

- 1. Support schools in responding to school disruption
- 2. Implement Grow Your Own Program to respond to employee shortages
- 3. Support schools demonstrating lower student outcomes
- Offer credit recovery options and summer camps for students who need help in meeting the state graduation requirements
- 5. Provide summer learning opportunities for students with an IEP who will be entering first-ninth grade in the fall
- Support a countywide transition assessment for high school students with special needs
- 7. Provide career preparation opportunities for students
- 8. Respond to the needs of Macomb County's expanding diverse population
- 9. Respond to the impact of Macomb County's decline in student enrollment during the pandemic
- 10. Assist local districts in the implementation of the State Board of Education approved Michigan Standards curriculum
- 11. Provide alternative pathways for student learning
- 12. Continue to support countywide and innovative and collaborative programs, such as the International Baccalaureate (IB) and the Early College (ECM) programs
- 13. Continue to increase the capacity of the Great Start Readiness Program
- 14. Provide Early On services throughout the county for young children from birth to three years of age

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

- 15. Offer social emotional/mental health supports
- 16. Offer school safety support
- 17. Expand our use of student data management tools to analyze student achievement and performance
- 18. Assist districts with the multitude of compliance, data submissions, and federal and state regulations
- 19. Support local districts in financial stress
- 20. Maintain the completed countywide fiber optic network, which provides technology support and access to worldwide educational resources
- 21. Support and maintain PowerSchool, our countywide student management system
- 22. Support and maintain the county's special education management system, PowerSchool Special Education (PSSE)
- 23. Implement strategies in the MISD School Improvement Plan
- 24. Continue to support the work of the School Finance Research Collaborative (SFRC)
- 25. Renovate four existing MISD schools to better service special education students
- 26. Explore options to accommodate the growing needs of our severely cognitive impaired, severely multiply impaired, and autistic population
- 27. Explore site improvement options at three of our sites
- 28. Expand Educational Service Center training rooms and workspace to meet the expanding needs of students and management
- 29. Maintain our financial strength to ensure we do not have billbacks to local schools for special education students attending center programs through the 2025-2026 school year

Publication of this financial report, prepared by the business office, concludes the financial reporting program for the 2024-2025 fiscal year. It was a challenging and rewarding year for the Intermediate School District, and we would like to commend our dedicated staff for their efforts in providing leadership and services to our 21 constituent districts, 18 academies, and approximately 117,000 students throughout the county.

Contacting the Intermediate School District's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the Intermediate School District's finances and to show the Intermediate School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the business office.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

	_	Governmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Total
Assets					
Cash and investments (Notes 4 and 5) Receivables:	\$	230,464,545	\$	11,011,916 \$	241,476,461
Accounts receivable		168,436		-	168,436
Due from other governmental units		38,269,281		-	38,269,281
Inventories		54,828		-	54,828
Prepaid costs		3,221,494		-	3,221,494
Other assets		776		-	776
Restricted assets (Notes 4 and 6)		71,581,782		-	71,581,782
Net OPEB asset (Note 12)		30,027,333 90,262,773		- 158,171	30,027,333 90,420,944
Capital assets - Net (Note 8)		90,202,773	. —	130,171	90,420,944
Total assets		464,051,248		11,170,087	475,221,335
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred pension costs (Note 12)		53,906,307		-	53,906,307
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 12)		8,531,785			8,531,785
Total deferred outflows of resources		62,438,092		-	62,438,092
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		9,457,689		24,580	9,482,269
Due to other governmental units		22,707,262		-	22,707,262
Other accrued liabilities		15,062,210		-	15,062,210
Unearned revenue (Note 7) Noncurrent liabilities:		28,465,794		-	28,465,794
Due within one year (Note 10)		6,206,275		-	6,206,275
Due in more than one year - Net of current portion: (Note 10)					
Compensated absences and severance pay		1,488,578		-	1,488,578
Arbitrage liability		1,189,024		-	1,189,024
Bonds payable (net of unamortized premiums and					
discounts)		93,104,749		-	93,104,749
Net pension liability (Note 12)		169,771,437			169,771,437
Total liabilities		347,453,018		24,580	347,477,598
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Revenue in support of pension contributions made					
subsequent to the measurement date (Note 12)		9,407,314		-	9,407,314
Deferred pension cost reductions (Note 12)		47,737,145		-	47,737,145
Deferred OPEB cost reductions (Note 12)		39,021,850			39,021,850
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	96,166,309		<u> </u>	96,166,309
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		53,209,140		158,171	53,367,311
Restricted:					
Food service		175,063		-	175,063
Capital projects		4,935,794		-	4,935,794
Net OPEB asset		30,027,333		- 10 087 336	30,027,333 5,510,019
Unrestricted		(5,477,317)		10,987,336	3,310,019
Total net position	\$	82,870,013	\$	11,145,507	94,015,520
See notes to financial statements. 12					

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2025

				Net (Expense)	Revenue and C Position	hanges in Net
		Program	Revenue	Pr	imary Governme	ent
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs						
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:	¢ 47.656.574	¢.	Ф 40 244 422	Ф (OO O1E 141)	¢.	¢ (20 245 444)
Instruction Support services	\$ 47,656,574 103,660,667	5 -	\$ 18,341,433 115,452,639	\$ (29,315,141) 11,791,972	ъ -	\$ (29,315,141) 11,791,972
Food services	786,266	441	802,846	17,021	-	17,021
Community services	2,680,913	200,000	-	(2,480,913)	_	(2,480,913)
Payments to other entities and	_,000,0.0	200,000		(=, :00,0:0)		(=,:00,0:0)
public schools	187,029,368	-	80,067,316	(106,962,052)	-	(106,962,052)
Interest	4,342,402	-	-	(4,342,402)	-	(4,342,402)
Other debt costs	1,189,024	-	-	(1,189,024)	-	(1,189,024)
Depreciation expense				(0.400.40=)		(0.400.40=)
(unallocated) (Note 8)	3,466,135			(3,466,135)		(3,466,135)
Total governmental activities	350,811,349	200,441	214,664,234	(135,946,674)	-	(135,946,674)
Business-type activities - WAN and						
student database services	2,668,601	2,598,546	-	-	(70,055)	(70,055)
Total primary government	\$ 353,479,950	\$ 2,798,987	\$ 214,664,234	(135,946,674)	(70,055)	(136,016,729)
	General revenu	e (expenses):	_			
	Taxes:	(
		y taxes levied fo	r general			
	purpo			7,330,448	-	7,330,448
		y taxes levied for		6,730,333	-	6,730,333
	educ	y taxes levied for	r speciai	99,326,569	_	99,326,569
		ty taxes levied fo	r enhancement	99,320,309	_	99,320,309
	millad		a chinaneonioni	70,825,955	_	70,825,955
	,	ot restricted to sp	pecific purposes	9,989,435	-	9,989,435
	Interest and	d investment ear	nings	13,541,720	-	13,541,720
	,	nterest, and othe		20,426	-	20,426
		e of capital asse	ets	(35,138)	-	(35,138)
	Other			4,124,146		4,124,146
		Total gener	ral revenue	211,853,894		211,853,894
	Change in Net	Position		75,907,220	(70,055)	75,837,165
	Net Position -	Beginning of yea	ar	6,962,793	11,215,562	18,178,355
	Net Position -	End of year		\$ 82,870,013	\$ 11,145,507	\$ 94,015,520

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2025

	General Fund	 Special Education Fund		General Capital Projects Fund	E	2023 School Building and Site Bonds Fund	 Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments (Notes 4 and 5) Receivables:	\$ 30,713,026	\$ 51,244,154	\$	128,127,828	\$	-	\$ 5,357,469	\$ 215,442,477
Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units Inventories Prepaid costs Restricted assets (Note 6)	166,960 12,373,954 10,214 860,115	1,476 25,763,191 44,614 1,617,495		- - - -		- - - 59,500 70,886,723	132,136 - 4,686 695,059	168,436 38,269,281 54,828 2,541,796 71,581,782
Total assets	\$ 44,124,269	\$ 78,670,930	\$	128,127,828	\$	70,946,223	\$ 6,189,350	\$ 328,058,600
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Other accrued liabilities Unearned revenue (Note 7)	\$ 908,400 11,666,887 2,012,027 13,851,672	\$ 1,738,666 11,040,247 9,328,290 14,608,194	\$	193,144 - - -	\$	6,493,358 - - -	\$ 124,121 128 56,550 5,928	\$ 9,457,689 22,707,262 11,396,867 28,465,794
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable revenue (Note 7)	290,787	_					 _	290,787
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	28,729,773	36,715,397		193,144		6,493,358	186,727	72,318,399
Fund Balances Nonspendable: Inventories Prepaid costs	10,214 860,115	44,614 1,617,495		-		- 59,500	- 4,686	54,828 2,541,796
Restricted: Debt service Capital projects Special education Food service	- - -	- - 40,293,424 -		- - 33,552,722 -		- 64,393,365 - -	694,949 - - 175,063	694,949 64,393,365 73,846,146 175,063
Committed: Cooperative activities Student activities Assigned - Capital projects Unassigned	- - - 14,524,167	- - - -		- - 94,381,962 -		- - -	4,738,383 389,542 - -	4,738,383 389,542 94,381,962 14,524,167
Total fund balances	15,394,496	41,955,533	_	127,934,684		64,452,865	6,002,623	255,740,201
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 44,124,269	\$ 78,670,930	\$	128,127,828	\$	70,946,223	\$ 6,189,350	\$ 328,058,600

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$	255,740,201
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds: Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation		140,680,950
·	-	90,262,773
Net capital assets used in governmental activities		90,202,773
Receivables that are not collected soon after year end are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds		290,787
Bonds payable and related premiums are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds		(95,381,680)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds		(754,958)
Some employee fringe benefits are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities: Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows		(163,602,275)
Net OPEB asset and related deferred inflows and outflows		(462,732)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and is not reported in the funds)	(9,407,314)
Arbitrage rebate liabilities do not present a claim on current financial resources and are not reported as fund liabilities		(1,189,024)
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities		7,374,235
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	82,870,013

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Special Education Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	2023 School Building and Site Bonds Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue	Ф 04 7 05 044	445.050.705	A 5444540	Φ 4.500.704	Φ 7. 540.000	Φ 044 404 F00
Local sources State sources	\$ 81,705,311 64,871,334	\$ 115,258,705 89,499,097	\$ 5,114,510	\$ 4,530,794	\$ 7,512,203 168,754	\$ 214,121,523 154,539,185
Federal sources	6,074,082	43,911,547	-	-	637,292	50,622,921
Interdistrict sources	496,886				2,784,232	3,281,118
Total revenue	153,147,613	248,669,349	5,114,510	4,530,794	11,102,481	422,564,747
Expenditures						
Current:	000 000	FF 0F0 070			4 000 044	F7 FF0 400
Instruction Support services	339,882 30,836,370	55,253,879 88,318,486	500,000	-	1,962,641 1,921,187	57,556,402 121,576,043
Food services	-	-	-	-	786,266	786,266
Community services	1,929,476	837,545	-	-	-	2,767,021
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	1,550,000	1,550,000
Interest Capital outlay	- 82,258	- 682,006	- 1,123,912	- 32,129,533	4,607,250	4,607,250 34,017,709
Payments to other entities and public	02,230	002,000	1,123,912	32,129,333	-	34,017,709
schools	122,158,141	64,871,227				187,029,368
Total expenditures	155,346,127	209,963,143	1,623,912	32,129,533	10,827,344	409,890,059
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenditures	(2,198,514)	38,706,206	3,490,598	(27,598,739)	275,137	12,674,688
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	- 000 405	58,700	21,500,000	-	1,000,000	58,700
Transfers in (Note 9) Transfers out (Note 9)	6,293,435	(27,793,435)	(1,000,000)	-	1,000,000	28,793,435 (28,793,435)
Transiers out (Note 9)		(27,700,400)	(1,000,000)			(20,700,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,293,435	(27,734,735)	20,500,000		1,000,000	58,700
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,094,921	10,971,471	23,990,598	(27,598,739)	1,275,137	12,733,388
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	11,299,575	30,984,062	103,944,086	92,051,604	4,727,486	243,006,813
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 15,394,496	\$ 41,955,533	\$ 127,934,684	\$ 64,452,865	\$ 6,002,623	\$ 255,740,201

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$	12,733,388
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation: Capitalized capital outlay Depreciation expense Net book value of assets disposed of	f	34,016,011 (3,466,135) (93,838)
Revenue in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the funds until it is available		93,297
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	е	4,095,663
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt); amortization of premiums is not expensed in the governmental funds	:	1,801,931
Interest expense is recognized in the government-wide statements as it accrues		12,917
Some employee costs (pension and OPEB) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		27,633,771
Arbitrage rebate costs that do not use current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		(1,189,024)
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities	_	269,239
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	75,907,220

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Student Wide Area Accounting Network Total							overnmental Activities Proprietary - Internal Service
	<u> </u>	Accounting		HOUVOIN	_	rotar	_	COLVICE
Assets Current assets: Cash and investments (Notes 4 and 5) Prepaid costs Other assets	\$	3,196,276 - -	\$	7,815,640 - -	\$	11,011,916 - -	\$	15,022,068 679,698 776
Total current assets		3,196,276		7,815,640		11,011,916		15,702,542
Noncurrent assets - Capital assets - Net (Note 8)		48,237		109,934		158,171	_	
Total assets		3,244,513		7,925,574		11,170,087		15,702,542
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable Other accrued liabilities Provision for compensated absences and severance pay (Note 10) Provision for self-insurance (Note 10)		- - -		24,580 - - -		24,580 - - -		2,910,385 2,389,384 1,539,960
Total current liabilities		_		24,580		24,580		6,839,729
Noncurrent liabilities - Provision for compensated absences and severance pay (Note 10)				-	_	<u>-</u>		1,488,578
Total liabilities				24,580		24,580		8,328,307
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		48,237 3,196,276		109,934 7,791,060		158,171 10,987,336		- 7,374,235
Total net position	\$	3,244,513	\$	7,900,994	\$	11,145,507	\$	7,374,235

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Nonma	G	overnmental Activities			
	A	Student Accounting	Wide Area Network		Total	F	Proprietary - Internal Service
Operating Revenue - Charges for compensated absences, severance pay, self-insured costs, WAN services, and student database services	\$	1,060,089 \$	1,538,457	\$	2,598,546	\$	29,798,806
Operating Expenses - Fringe benefits, purchased services, and supplies and materials		2,003,168	665,433		2,668,601		29,529,567
Change in Net Position		(943,079)	873,024		(70,055)		269,239
Net Position - Beginning of year		4,187,592	7,027,970	_	11,215,562		7,104,996
Net Position - End of year	\$	3,244,513 \$	7,900,994	\$	11,145,507	\$	7,374,235

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds						overnmental Activities
	_/	Student Accounting	Wide Area Network		Total	_	Proprietary - Internal Service
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers, interfund services, and reimbursements Fringe benefits, claims, purchased services, and other amounts paid	\$	1,060,089 \$ (1,907,770)	1,538,457 (539,881)		2,598,546 (2,447,651)	\$	29,416,126 (28,840,600)
Net cash and investments (used in) provided by operating activities		(847,681)	998,576		150,895		575,526
Cash Flows Used in Financing Activities - Purchase of capital assets		(10,060)	-		(10,060)		-
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Investments		(857,741)	998,576		140,835		575,526
Cash and Investments - Beginning of year		4,054,017	6,817,064		10,871,081		14,446,542
Cash and Investments - End of year	\$	3,196,276 \$	7,815,640	\$	11,011,916	\$	15,022,068
Reconciliation of Change in Net Position to Net Cash from Operating Activities Change in net position Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net cash from operating	\$	(943,079) \$	873,024	\$	(70,055)	\$	269,239
activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		95,398	101,818		197,216		-
Receivables Prepaid and other assets Accounts payable		- - -	- - 23,734		- - 23,734		215,656 (598,336)
Estimated claims liability Accrued and other liabilities		-	-		-		286,333 402,634
Total adjustments		95,398	125,552		220,950		306,287
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(847,681)	998,576	\$	150,895	\$	575,526

June 30, 2025

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Macomb Intermediate School District (the "Intermediate School District") is an intermediate school district in the state of Michigan that provides educational services to students and other support to local educational authorities throughout Macomb County, Michigan.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The Intermediate School District follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Intermediate School District:

Reporting Entity

The Intermediate School District is governed by an elected five-member Board of Education. In accordance with government accounting principles, there are no separate legal entities appropriate to be reported within these financial statements.

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes, unrestricted intergovernmental receipts, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

June 30, 2025

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The Intermediate School District accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it spends certain resources; separate funds allow the Intermediate School District to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue is used. The various funds are aggregated into the following fund types:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. Governmental funds can include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds. The Intermediate School District reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide government services other than those specifically assigned to another fund.
- The Special Education Fund (special revenue fund) is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for special education. Revenue sources for the Special Education Fund include property taxes from a special education millage and dedicated grants from state and federal sources. Any net deficit of this fund is the responsibility of the General Fund.
- The General Capital Projects Fund is used to record transactions associated with capital asset acquisition, renovation, or improvement.
- The 2023 School Building and Site Bonds Fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and expenditures specifically designated for buildings, equipment, and remodeling. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

Additionally, the Intermediate School District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

- Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The special revenue funds maintained by the Intermediate School District are the School Lunch Fund, Collaborative Education Fund, and Student Activities Fund. The School Lunch Fund is used to provide lunch services to students. The Collaborative Education Fund has been established to provide a variety of educational services, including the following: an International Baccalaureate program, which is focused on developing and providing a collaborative countywide program for high-achieving students; an Early College program, which provides a challenging high school curriculum, along with offering college courses through the partnering community college; the Macomb Area Pathways program, which provides support for a middle school alternative program used by local school districts and coordinated by Macomb Intermediate School District's consultant services department; and the MME/School Improvement Program, which is responsible for providing support for specific professional development opportunities, including data analysis for the 28 high schools in Macomb County to improve achievement at this level. Revenue sources for the School Lunch Fund include sales to customers and dedicated grants from state and federal sources. Revenue of the Collaborative Education Fund primarily consists of charges to local districts. Revenue sources for the Student Activities Fund include fundraising revenue and donations earned and received by student groups. Any deficit generated by the special revenue funds is the responsibility of the General Fund.
- Debt service funds are used to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on long-term debt.

June 30, 2025

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds (which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees) and internal service funds (which provide goods or services to other funds of the Intermediate School District). The Intermediate School District reports the following enterprise and internal service funds:

- The Compensated Absence and Self-Insurance Fund (internal service fund) is used to account for the financing of employee compensated absences, severance pay, and self-insurance provided to other funds on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- The Cooperative Education Fund (internal service fund) is used to account for revenue and expenses
 associated with billing and collecting summer property taxes for the Intermediate School District,
 certain constituent local school districts, Macomb Community College, and the State of Michigan.
 Charges to the local school districts are made on a per parcel basis to support the activities of the
 fund.
- The Wide Area Network Fund and Student Accounting Fund (enterprise funds) are used to account for revenue and expenses associated with maintenance and operation of wide-area network and student accounting database, respectively, for the benefit of local school districts in Macomb County. Charges to the local school districts are made on a per pupil basis. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the Intermediate School District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the Intermediate School District has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree health care-related costs or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

June 30, 2025

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the Intermediate School District considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources.

Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value except for certain investment pools that are valued at either amortized cost (MILAF Cash Management Class) or net asset value (MILAF TERM).

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, when applicable.

Restricted Assets

The following amounts are reported as restricted assets:

- Unspent bond proceeds and related interest of the bonded capital projects funds required to be set aside for construction or other allowable bond purchases
- Unspent property taxes levied held in the debt service funds required to be set aside for future bond principal and interest payments

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and land improvements, buildings, furniture and equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Intermediate School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Depreciable Life - Years
Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	20 to 50 5 to 15 5 to 7
Land improvements	20

June 30, 2025

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances and premiums as other financing sources and bond discounts as other financing uses. The General Fund and Debt Retirement Fund are generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The Intermediate School District reports deferred outflows related to deferred pension and OPEB costs.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Intermediate School District reports deferred inflows related to revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and deferred pension and OPEB plan cost reductions as well as unavailable revenue (revenue not collected within the period of availability).

Net Position

Net position of the Intermediate School District is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. The restricted component, when applicable, of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted.

Net Position Flow Assumption

The Intermediate School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements (as applicable), a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Intermediate School District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The Intermediate School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Intermediate School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The nonspendable fund balance component represents amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose. The Intermediate School District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Intermediate School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Intermediate School District that can, by passing a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once passed, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the passing of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist only temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential either to remove or revise a commitment.

Property Tax Revenue

Properties are assessed as of December 31, and the related property taxes become a lien on July 1 of the following year. Tax collections are forwarded to the Intermediate School District as collected by the assessing municipalities through March 1, at which time they are considered delinquent and added to county tax rolls. Any delinquent taxes collected by the county are remitted to the Intermediate School District by June 30. The Intermediate School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Grants and Contributions

The Intermediate School District receives federal, state, and local grants, as well as contributions from individuals and private organizations. Revenue from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) is recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as nonoperating revenue. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability and net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each plan, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from the MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. MPSERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the plan benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

June 30, 2025

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences and Severance Pay

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, the Intermediate School District has accrued for a liability for future absences in the proprietary fund statements relating to compensation for absences attributable to services already rendered. A liability for these amounts is reported in the internal service funds as it is earned. A liability is recognized due to the leave attributable to services already rendered, leave that accumulates, and leave that is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means.

Termination benefits include severance payments to employees in certain bargaining groups upon separation from the Intermediate School District. The benefit is for those that retire with a minimum required years of service and is generally paid at a rate of 50 percent of the employee's daily rate multiplied by their years of service. Because the termination benefits do not have determinable payment dates, the cost of these benefits are calculated at the undiscounted total of estimated future benefit payments at current cost levels.

Proprietary Funds Operating Classification

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of proprietary funds is charges to customers for sales or services. Operating expenses for these funds include the cost of sales or services and administrative expenses and may include depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements or modifies existing requirements related to the following: management's discussion and analysis; unusual or infrequent items; presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position; information about major component units in basic financial statements; budgetary comparison information; and financial trends information in the statistical section. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Intermediate School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

In September 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, which requires certain types of capital assets, such as lease assets, intangible right-of-use assets, subscription assets, and other intangible assets, to be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital assets note. This statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Intermediate School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

Subsequent Events

The financial statements and related disclosures include evaluation of events up through and including October 23, 2025, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

June 30, 2025

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the General Fund and all special revenue funds with the following exceptions: operating transfers have been included in the revenue and expenditures categories rather than as other financing sources (uses), capital outlay is budgeted in other expenditure categories, payments to another public school district for services rendered have been budgeted in support service expenditures rather than transfers, and other and community service expenditures have been budgeted for as support service expenditures. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the Intermediate School District to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders and contracts) are tracked periodically during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

During the year, the Intermediate School District did not incur any significant expenditures that were in excess of the budgeted amounts.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes and the Intermediate School District's investment policy authorize the Intermediate School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The Intermediate School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures no more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The Intermediate School District's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Intermediate School District has designated six banks and credit unions for the deposit of its funds.

There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for the investment pools that are recorded at amortized cost.

The Intermediate School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Intermediate School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The Intermediate School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Intermediate School District had bank deposits of \$108,515,743 (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Intermediate School District believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits.

June 30, 2025

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Intermediate School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Intermediate School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Intermediate School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. The Intermediate School District's investment in the MILAF TERM investment pool has a weighted-average maturity of 277 days after June 30, 2025.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Intermediate School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2025, the credit quality ratings of investments (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Ca	rrying Value	Rating	Rating Organization
MILAF - Cash Management Class	\$	34,904,049	AAAm	S&P
MILAF - Term Series		123,710,006	AAAf	Fitch

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Intermediate School District places no limit on the amount the Intermediate School District may invest in any one issuer. The Intermediate School District's investment policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. At June 30, 2025, the Intermediate School District had investments in MILAF - Term Series that exceed 5 percent of total investments.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the Intermediate School District's investment policy prohibit investments in foreign currency.

Note 5 - Fair Value Measurements

The Intermediate School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Intermediate School District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

June 30, 2025

Note 5 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The Intermediate School District holds shares in the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund Term Series where the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment as a practical expedient.

As of June 30, 2025, net asset value of the Intermediate School District's investment in the MILAF - Term Series was \$123,710,006. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments or limitations or restrictions on redemptions upon maturity of the term.

The valuation method for the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund Term investment portfolio measured at net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is principally based on the use of prices that are quoted in active markets for the respective securities. The Michigan Liquid Asset Fund Term investment portfolio invests in U.S. Treasury obligations, federal agency obligations of the U.S. government or obligations of the State of Michigan, high-grade commercial paper (rated prime at the time of purchase or better), U.S. government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, and approved money market funds. The portfolio is designed to provide a fixed-rate, fixed-term investment with a minimum maturity of 60 days and a maximum maturity of one year.

Note 6 - Restricted Assets

At June 30, 2025, restricted assets are composed of the following:

Description	Governmental Activities
Unspent bond proceeds Unspent property taxes restricted for debt service	\$ 70,886,723 695,059
Total	\$ 71,581,782

Note 7 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

At June 30, 2025, the various components of unearned and unavailable revenue were as follows:

		Governmental Funds			
	Deferred Inflow - Unavailable			Liability - Unearned	
Charges for services Grant and categorical aid payment received prior to meeting all	\$	290,787	\$	-	
eligibility requirements		-		28,465,794	

June 30, 2025

Note 8 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Intermediate School District's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities

		Balance July 1, 2024		Reclassifications		Additions		Disposals and Adjustments		Balance June 30, 2025	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	8,687,327 8,090,728	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- 32,285,584	\$	- -	\$	8,687,327 40,376,312	
Subtotal		16,778,055		-		32,285,584		-		49,063,639	
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles Land improvements		50,169,301 15,545,374 18,728,159 5,610,537		- - - -		778,691 390,873 535,987 24,876		- - (166,487) -		50,947,992 15,936,247 19,097,659 5,635,413	
Subtotal		90,053,371		-		1,730,427		(166,487)		91,617,311	
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles Land improvements		23,424,366 12,579,331 9,600,008 1,420,986		- - - -		770,794 392,777 2,054,818 247,746		- - (72,649) -		24,195,160 12,972,108 11,582,177 1,668,732	
Subtotal		47,024,691		-		3,466,135		(72,649)		50,418,177	
Net capital assets being depreciated		43,028,680		-	_	(1,735,708)	_	(93,838)		41,199,134	
Net governmental activities capital assets	\$	59,806,735	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	30,549,876	\$	(93,838)	\$	90,262,773	

Business-type Activities

	Balance July 1, 2024		 Additions		Balance une 30, 2025
Capital assets being depreciated - Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation - Furniture and equipment	\$	1,265,886 920,559	\$ 10,060 197,216	\$	1,275,946 1,117,775
Net business-type activities capital assets	\$	345,327	\$ (187,156)	\$	158,171

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities, as the Intermediate School District's assets benefit multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

Construction Commitments

The Intermediate School District has active construction projects at year end. These projects are included within the 2023 Building and Site Capital Projects Fund. At year end, the Intermediate School District's commitments with contractors totaled \$29,741,654.

Note 9 - Interfund Transfers

Transfers into the General Fund primarily represent amounts received from the Special Education Fund for indirect costs of \$6,293,435. The General Capital Projects Fund received \$21,500,000 from the Special Education Fund for future capital purchases for the special education program. The Collaborative Education Fund received \$1,000,000 from the Capital Projects Fund as additional support to the International Baccalaureate program.

Note 10 - Long-term Obligations

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 can be summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Bonds payable:	Φ.	02 145 000	Φ.		ф	(4 550 000)	¢ 00 505 000 f	2.025.000
General obligation bonds Unamortized bond premiums	\$	92,145,000 5,038,611	Ф	<u>-</u> -	\$	(1,550,000) (251,931)	\$ 90,595,000 \$ 4,786,680	2,025,000 251,931
Total bonds payable		97,183,611		-		(1,801,931)	95,381,680	2,276,931
Severance pay		970,306		26,569		-	996,875	780,975
Compensated absences		2,795,139		85,948		-	2,881,087	1,608,409
Self-insurance		1,366,144		23,439,596		(23,265,780)	1,539,960	1,539,960
Arbitrage liability		-	_	1,189,024	_	_	1,189,024	
Total governmental activities long-term								
debt	\$	102,315,200	\$	24,741,137	\$	(25,067,711)	\$ 101,988,626	6,206,275

General Obligation Bonds and Contracts

The Intermediate School District issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Intermediate School District. The primary source of any required repayment is from the Intermediate School District's property tax levy. General obligations outstanding at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Purpose	Year Issued	Interest Rates	Maturing	 Outstanding
Governmental Activities				
\$92,330,000 Unlimited Tax General Obligation 2023 School Building and Site Bonds due in annual installments of \$2,025,000 to \$7,885,000	2024	5.00%	May 2044	\$ 90,595,000

Other Long-term Liabilities

The arbitrage liability is an estimate related to the cumulative to date amount of investment earnings in the 2023 School Building and Site Bonds Fund that exceeds the amount allowable based on Internal Revenue Services (IRS) guidelines. No amount is actually due to the IRS until the final calculation is required to be performed, which is generally five years from the date of the bond issuances. The actual liability, if any, may vary from the current estimate. Any amounts due will be liquidated from this capital projects fund.

Note 10 - Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities								
	Othe	r De	bt		_				
Years Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total				
2026	\$ 2,025,000	\$	4,529,750	\$	6,554,750				
2027	2,235,000		4,428,500		6,663,500				
2028	2,480,000		4,316,750		6,796,750				
2029	2,735,000		4,192,750		6,927,750				
2030	3,005,000		4,056,000		7,061,000				
2031-2035	19,770,000		17,718,750		37,488,750				
2036-2040	28,990,000		11,871,000		40,861,000				
2041-2044	29,355,000		3,759,000		33,114,000				
Total	\$ 90,595,000	\$	54,872,500	\$	145,467,500				

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Intermediate School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Intermediate School District has purchased commercial insurance for certain medical benefits provided to employees; errors and omissions; boiler and machinery; and school secretary, treasurer, and attendance officer bond claims. The Intermediate School District participates in the MASB/SEG risk pool for claims relating to all risks related to property and liability coverage on owned buildings and contents, umbrella liability, bus and auto fleet, travel accident, workers' disability, and other miscellaneous coverage. The Intermediate School District is partially insured for health benefits provided to certain employee groups. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The shared-risk pool program in which the Intermediate School District participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

The Intermediate School District estimates the liability for medical claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including claims that have been reported and those that have not yet been reported. These estimates are included in the internal service funds. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	 2025	2024
Estimated liability - Beginning of year Estimated claims incurred, including changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 1,366,144 5 23,439,596 (23,265,780)	1,252,769 21,164,885 (21,051,510)
Estimated liability - End of year	\$ 1,539,960	1,366,144

Note 12 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The Intermediate School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the Intermediate School District. Certain intermediate school district employees also receive defined contribution retirement and health care benefits through the System. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension and postemployment health care plans. That report is available on the web at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit (DB) pension plan and the postemployment health care plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan and the postemployment health care plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of services times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension but is permanently reduced by 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Depending on the member's date of hire, MPSERS offers the option of participating in the defined contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50 percent employer match (up to 3 percent of salary) on employee contributions.

Members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation, with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but with an actuarial reduction.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost of living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. Some members who do not receive an annual increase are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

MPSERS provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by MPSERS, with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. Depending on the member's date of hire, this subsidized portion ranges from 80 percent to the maximum allowed by the statute.

June 30, 2025

Note 12 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions

Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the Intermediate School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state Legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Under the OPEB plan, retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3 percent contribution to the retiree health care and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3 percent contribution and, instead, opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay health care expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 accounts as of their transition date, earning them a 2 percent employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stopped paying the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

The Intermediate School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are multiple different pension and health care benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire and the elections available at that time. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The ranges of rates are as follows:

	Pension	OPER	
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.31%	
October 1, 2024 - September 30, 2025	20.96% - 30.11%	0.00% - 1.25%	

Depending on the plan selected, member pension contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. For certain plan members, a 4 percent employer contribution to the defined contribution pension plan is required. In addition, for certain plan members, a 3 percent employer match is provided to the defined contribution pension plan.

The Intermediate School District's required and actual pension contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2025 were \$31,767,349, which includes the Intermediate School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Intermediate School District's required and actual pension contributions include an allocation of \$7,665,024 in revenue received from the State of Michigan and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) stabilization rate as well as \$1,742,290 of a one-time state payment received and remitted to the System for the purpose of contributing additional assets to the System.

The Intermediate School District's required and actual OPEB contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2025 were \$2,869,354, which includes the Intermediate School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit.

June 30, 2025

Note 12 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2025, the Intermediate School District reported a liability of \$169,771,437 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2024. The Intermediate School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Intermediate School District's proportion was 0.69 and 0.68 percent, representing a change of 2.05 percent.

Net OPEB Asset

At June 30, 2025, the Intermediate School District reported an asset of \$30,027,333 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset for fiscal year 2025 was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2024. The Intermediate School District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Intermediate School District's proportion was approximately 0.70 and 0.68 percent, respectively, representing a change of approximately 2.13 percent.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For 2025, the Intermediate School District recognized pension expense of \$14,859,430, inclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL stabilization rate. At June 30, 2025, the Intermediate School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	4,606,019	\$	(1,844,590)
Changes in assumptions		17,699,678		(12,438,877)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between the Intermediate		-		(32,399,586)
School District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		5,096,836		(1,054,092)
The Intermediate School District's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	_	26,503,774	_	
Total	\$	53,906,307	\$	(47,737,145)

June 30, 2025

Note 12 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The \$9,407,314 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to the UAAL payment will be recognized as state appropriations revenue for the year ending June 30, 2026. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	_	Amount			
2026 2027 2028 2029	\$	(3,950,254) 2,501,260 (10,881,423) (8,004,195)			
Total	\$	(20,334,612)			

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Intermediate School District recognized an OPEB recovery of \$10,900,994.

At June 30, 2025, the Intermediate School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	(31,819,803)
Changes in assumptions		6,558,402		(753,834)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		(5,684,519)
Changes in proportionate share or difference between amount contributed and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement		1,278,591		(763,694)
date		694,792		-
Total	\$	8,531,785	\$	(39,021,850)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (note that employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will increase the net OPEB asset and, therefore, will not be included in future OPEB expense):

Years Ending	Amount				
2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 Thereafter	\$ (10,241,975 (6,205,459 (5,899,049 (5,381,822 (2,911,381) (545,171))			
Total	\$ (31,184,857))			

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Note 12 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability and total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2024 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023 and rolled forward. The total pension liability and OPEB liability were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method		Entry age normal
Investment rate of return - Pension	6.00%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Investment rate of return - OPEB	6.00%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%	Including wage inflation of 2.75 percent
Health care cost trend rate - OPEB	6.50% - 7.25%	Year 1 graded to 3.5 percent in year 15
Mortality basis		Pub T-2010 Male and Female Employee
•		Mortality Tables, scaled 100 percent
		(retirees: 116 percent for males and 116
		percent for females) and adjusted for
		mortality improvements using projection
		scale MP-2021 to 2010
Cost of living pension adjustments	3.00%	Annual noncompounded for MIP members

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods from 2017 to 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation. The total pension liability and OPEB liability as of September 30, 2024 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2023 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Significant assumption changes since the prior measurement date, September 30, 2023, for the OPEB plan include a decrease in the health care cost trend rate of 0.25 percent for members under 65 and an increase of 0.25 percent point for members over 65. There were no significant benefit terms changes for the pension or OPEB plans since the prior measurement date of September 30, 2023.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability and OPEB liability was 6.00 percent as of September 30, 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that district contributions will be made at statutorily required rates.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and total OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

I ong-term

Note 12 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00 %	5.30 %
Private equity pools	16.00	9.00
International equity pools	15.00	6.50
Fixed-income pools	13.00	2.20
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00	7.10
Absolute return pools	9.00	5.20
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00	6.90
Short-term investment pools	2.00	1.40
Total	100.00 %	

Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expense and inflation of 2.3 percent.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Intermediate School District, calculated using the discount rate depending on the plan option. The following also reflects what the Intermediate School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

1 Percentage	Current Discount	1 Percentage
Point Decrease	Rate	Point Increase
(5.00%)	(6.00%)	(7.00%)

Net pension liability of the Intermediate School District \$ 248,886,750 \$ 169,771,437 \$ 103,892,716

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the Intermediate School District, calculated using the current discount rate. It also reflects what the Intermediate School District's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage				1	Percentage
	Po	oint Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	Ρ	oint Increase
	(5.00%)		Rate (6.00%)			(7.00%)
Net OPEB asset of the Intermediate School District	\$	(23,205,371)	\$	(30,027,333)	\$	(35,925,641)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Note 12 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the Intermediate School District, calculated using the current health care cost trend rate. It also reflects what the Intermediate School District's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease				Percentage oint Increase
Net OPEB asset of the Intermediate School District	\$	(35,925,705)	\$ (30,027,333)	\$	(23,701,362)

Pension Plan and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

Payable to the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan

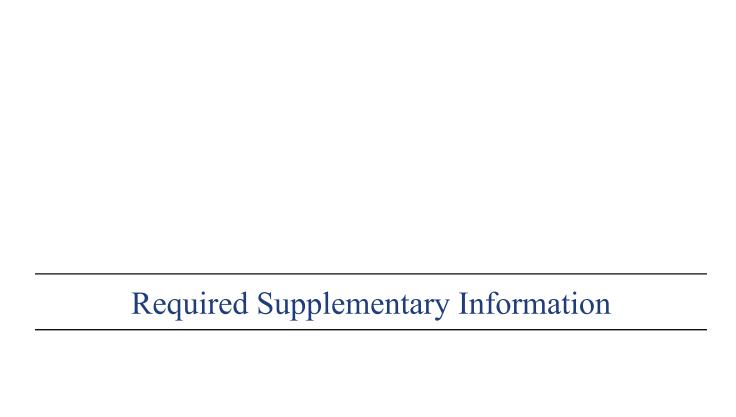
At June 30, 2025, the Intermediate School District reported a payable of \$3,405,552 and \$68,858 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and OPEB plan, respectively, required for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Note 13 - Tax Abatements

The Intermediate School District receives reduced property tax revenue as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (PA 198 of 1974) granted by cities, villages, and townships within the boundaries of the Intermediate School District. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the Intermediate School District's property tax revenue was reduced by approximately \$2,535,000 under these programs.

There are no significant abatements made by the Intermediate School District.



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

				,
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Under) Over Final Budget
Revenue				
Local sources	\$ 78,974,000	\$ 85,956,824	\$ 81,705,308	\$ (4,251,516)
State sources	47,158,000	72,146,605	64,871,334	(7,275,271)
Federal sources	2,719,750	19,323,638	6,074,082	(13,249,556)
Transfers and modifications	6,443,000	6,414,000	6,790,321	376,321
Total revenue	135,294,750	183,841,067	159,441,045	(24,400,022)
Expenditures:				
Basic:				
Instruction:				
Basic programs	-	2,932,246	11,133	(2,921,113)
Added needs	278,278	376,406	328,749	(47,657)
Support services:	222 422	4 0 4 7 0 4 0	4 000 040	(0.1.1.000)
Pupil	688,100	1,817,012	1,002,649	(814,363)
Instructional staff	12,512,909	28,329,462	15,085,911	(13,243,551)
Business/Administration	4,276,000 3,006,000	4,611,881 3,529,545	4,784,711	172,830
Operations and maintenance Central	8,374,914	12,386,770	3,155,137 9,361,695	(374,408) (3,025,075)
Transfers and other	105,396,549	127,434,791	121,616,139	(5,818,652)
Transiers and other	100,090,049	121,434,191	121,010,139	(3,610,032)
Total expenditures	134,532,750	181,418,113	155,346,124	(26,071,989)
Net Change in Fund Balance	762,000	2,422,954	4,094,921	1,671,967
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	11,299,575	11,299,575	11,299,575	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 12,061,575	\$ 13,722,529	\$ 15,394,496	\$ 1,671,967

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Education Fund

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenue				
Local sources	\$ 112,515,000	\$ 114,446,761	\$ 115,258,703	\$ 811,942
State sources	79,187,600	94,032,210	89,499,096	(4,533,114)
Federal sources	43,011,900	47,890,294	43,911,547	(3,978,747)
Transfers and modifications	140,000	140,000	58,700	(81,300)
Total revenue	234,854,500	256,509,265	248,728,046	(7,781,219)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction - Added needs	59,388,000	54,665,571	55,385,571	720,000
Support services:				
Pupil	40,400,400	44,711,564	40,441,208	(4,270,356)
Instructional staff	9,200,810	13,462,620	9,636,734	(3,825,886)
Business/Administration	6,260,000	6,082,000	6,317,628	235,628
Operations and maintenance	7,231,000	8,685,615	8,197,103	(488,512)
Pupil transportation services	26,511,000	26,731,000	24,097,412	(2,633,588)
Central	1,574,550	2,520,943	1,160,838	(1,360,105)
Payments to other entities and public schools	78,102,740	93,457,402	92,520,081	(937,321)
Total expenditures	228,668,500	250,316,715	237,756,575	(12,560,140)
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,186,000	6,192,550	10,971,471	4,778,921
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	30,984,062	30,984,062	30,984,062	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 37,170,062	\$ 37,176,612	\$ 41,955,533	\$ 4,778,921

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Intermediate School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

									Last Ten	Plan Years
								Plan Years	Ended Sep	tember 30
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Intermediate School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.69345 %	0.67951 %	0.67133 %	0.66656 %	0.67491 %	0.67669 %	0.68215 %	0.67612 %	0.65887 %	0.65636 %
Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 169,771,437	\$219,931,631	\$252,477,491	\$157,811,833	\$231,840,369	\$224,098,583	\$205,067,302	\$175,212,414	\$164,383,906	\$160,314,963
Intermediate School District's covered payroll	\$ 73,652,289	\$ 68,316,980	\$ 65,582,195	\$ 59,623,005	\$ 60,167,683	\$ 58,948,323	\$ 58,219,107	\$ 57,226,108	\$ 55,595,505	\$ 54,722,474
Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	230.50 %	321.93 %	384.98 %	264.68 %	385.32 %	380.16 %	352.23 %	306.18 %	295.68 %	292.96 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	74.44 %	65.91 %	60.77 %	72.32 %	59.49 %	62.12 %	62.12 %	63.96 %	63.01 %	62.92 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

										iscal Years led June 30
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 30,850,372	\$ 29,478,765	\$ 30,117,660	\$ 21,588,719	\$ 19,740,134	\$ 17,982,262	\$ 17,647,201	\$ 17,025,079	\$ 16,026,681	\$ 15,319,143
statutorily required contribution	30,850,372	29,478,765	30,117,660	21,588,719	19,740,134	17,982,262	17,647,201	17,025,079	16,026,681	15,319,143
Contribution Deficiency	\$ <u>-</u>	<u> - </u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u> - </u>	<u> - </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u> </u>
Intermediate School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 76,403,211	\$ 72,422,992	\$ 66,294,335	\$ 62,345,085	\$ 59,234,475	\$ 59,865,334	\$ 58,450,986	\$ 57,376,969	\$ 59,219,121	\$ 55,156,847
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	40.38 %	40.70 %	45.43 %	34.63 %	33.33 %	30.04 %	30.19 %	29.67 %	27.06 %	27.77 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Intermediate School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

						Plan Ye	_	nt Plan Years September 30
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Intermediate School District's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability	0.69760 %	0.68308 %	0.67459 %	0.65965 %	0.67844 %	0.67402 %	0.68387 %	0.67471 %
Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$(30,027,333)\$	(3,864,166) \$	14,288,236	\$ 10,068,771	\$ 36,346,070	\$ 48,379,444	\$ 54,360,114	\$ 59,748,507
Intermediate School District's covered payroll	\$ 73,652,289 \$	68,316,980 \$	65,582,195	\$ 59,623,005	\$ 60,167,683	\$ 58,948,323	\$ 58,219,107	\$ 57,226,108
Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	(40.77)%	(5.66)%	21.79 %	16.89 %	60.41 %	82.07 %	93.37 %	104.41 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	143.08 %	105.04 %	83.09 %	88.87 %	59.76 %	48.67 %	43.10 %	36.53 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

													_	scal Years ed June 30
	2025	_	2024	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021		2020	_	2019	2018
Statutorily required contribution : Contributions in relation to the statutorily required	2,274,906	\$	5,949,857	\$	5,148,411	\$	4,920,760	\$	4,850,844	\$	4,744,444	\$	4,560,623	\$ 4,122,189
contribution	2,274,906		5,949,857	_	5,148,411	_	4,920,760	_	4,850,844	_	4,744,444	_	4,560,623	 4,122,189
Contribution Deficiency	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$
Intermediate School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 76,403,211	\$	72,422,992	\$	66,294,335	\$	62,345,085	\$	59,234,475	\$	59,865,334	\$	58,450,986	\$ 57,376,969
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.98 %)	8.22 %		7.77 %	,	7.89 %	,	8.19 %		7.93 %)	7.80 %	7.18 %

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2025

Pension Information

The required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2025 include a one-time contribution of \$1,742,290, referred to as 147c(2), related to funding received from the State and remitted to the System for the purpose of contributing additional assets to the System.

Benefit Change

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

The were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2023 The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.80 percentage points.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.45 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017.
- 2017 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points.

OPEB Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the OPEB-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

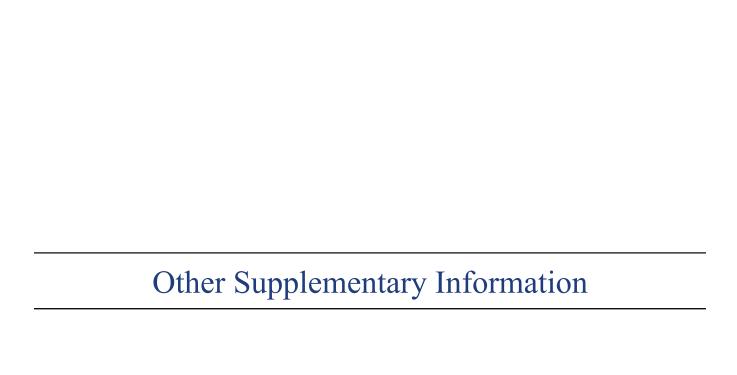
There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2024 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2024 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 0.25 percentage points for members over 65.
- 2023 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2023 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 1.00 percentage point for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.95 percentage points. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.1 billion in 2022.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2025

- 2021 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased by 0.75 percentage points for members under 65 and decreased by 1.75 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.3 billion in 2021.
- 2020 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points. This, in addition to the actual per person health benefit costs being lower than projected, reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.8 billion in 2020.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.20 percentage
 points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to
 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB
 liability by an additional \$1.4 billion in 2019.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.35 percentage
 points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to
 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB
 liability by \$1.4 billion in 2018.



Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2025

				Special Rev	⁄en	ue Funds			De	ebt Service Fund		
		School	C	ollaborative Education		Student Activities	Total Specia Revenue		Retirement			
	Lu	ınch Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund	_	Funds	_	Fund	_	Total
Assets												
Cash and investments Receivables - Due from other	\$	99,894	\$	4,868,033	\$	389,542	\$	5,357,469	\$	-	\$	5,357,469
governmental units		132,136		_		-		132,136		-		132,136
Prepaid costs Restricted assets		-		4,686		-		4,686		- 695,059		4,686 695,059
Nestricted assets	_		_		_	202 742	_	-	_	· ·	_	
Total assets	\$	232,030	<u>\$</u>	4,872,719	\$	389,542	\$	5,494,291	\$	695,059	<u>\$</u>	6,189,350
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	50,911	\$	73,100	\$	-	\$	124,011	\$	110	\$	124,121
Due to other governmental units Other accrued liabilities		128 -		- 56,550		-		128 56,550		-		128 56,550
Unearned revenue		5,928		-		-		5,928				5,928
Total liabilities		56,967		129,650		-		186,617		110		186,727
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable - Prepaid costs Restricted:		-		4,686		-		4,686		-		4,686
Debt service		<u>-</u>		-		-		_		694,949		694,949
Food service Committed:		175,063		-		-		175,063		-		175,063
Cooperative activities		-		4,738,383		-		4,738,383		-		4,738,383
Student activities		-		-	_	389,542		389,542			_	389,542
Total fund balances		175,063	_	4,743,069	_	389,542	_	5,307,674	_	694,949		6,002,623
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	232,030	<u>\$</u>	4,872,719	\$	389,542	\$	5,494,291	\$	695,059	\$	6,189,350

Other Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

				Special Rev	er/		De	ebt Service Fund						
			С	ollaborative		Student		otal Special	_	Debt				
		School	E	Education		Activities		Revenue	F	Retirement		T-4-1		
	LU	ınch Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund	_	Funds	_	Fund	_	Total		
Revenue														
Local sources	\$	441	\$	392,485	\$	363,963	\$	756,889	\$	6,755,314	\$	7,512,203		
State sources		168,754		-		-		168,754		-		168,754		
Federal sources		637,292		-		-		637,292		-		637,292		
Interdistrict sources				2,784,232	_	-		2,784,232	_		_	2,784,232		
Total revenue		806,487		3,176,717		363,963		4,347,167		6,755,314		11,102,481		
Expenditures Current:														
Instruction		-		1,962,641		_		1,962,641		-		1,962,641		
Support services		-		1,550,765		368,186		1,918,951		2,236		1,921,187		
Food services		786,266		-		-		786,266		-		786,266		
Debt service:														
Principal		-		-		-		-		1,550,000		1,550,000		
Interest		-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	4,607,250	_	4,607,250		
Total expenditures		786,266	_	3,513,406	_	368,186	_	4,667,858	_	6,159,486	_	10,827,344		
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		20,221		(336,689)		(4,223)		(320,691)		595,828		275,137		
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in (Note 9)		-		1,000,000		-		1,000,000			_	1,000,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances		20,221		663,311		(4,223)		679,309		595,828		1,275,137		
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		154,842		4,079,758	_	393,765	4,628,365		4,628,365		99,121		1 4,727,48	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	175,063	\$	4,743,069	\$	389,542	\$	5,307,674	\$	694,949	\$	6,002,623		

Other Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds

June	30.	202	25

	ooperative cation Fund	Α	ompensated bsence and elf-Insurance Fund	Total
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 358,616	\$	14,663,452	\$ 15,022,068
Prepaid costs	-		679,698	679,698
Other assets	 -		776	 776
Total assets	358,616		15,343,926	15,702,542
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Other accrued liabilities	_		2,910,385	2,910,385
Provision for compensated absences and severance				
pay	-		2,389,384	2,389,384
Provision for self-insurance	-		1,539,960	 1,539,960
Total current liabilities	-		6,839,729	6,839,729
Noncurrent liabilities - Provision for compensated				
absences and severance pay	_		1,488,578	1,488,578
absortices and severation pay				
Total liabilities	 -		8,328,307	 8,328,307
Net Position - Unrestricted	\$ 358,616	\$	7,015,619	\$ 7,374,235

Other Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

	ooperative ucation Fund	A	ompensated bsence and elf-Insurance Fund	 Total
Operating Revenue - Charges for compensated absences, severance pay, and self-insurance costs	\$ -	\$	29,798,806	\$ 29,798,806
Operating Expenses - Fringe benefits, purchased services, and supplies and materials	 -		29,529,567	 29,529,567
Change in Net Position	-		269,239	269,239
Net Position - Beginning of year	358,616		6,746,380	 7,104,996
Net Position - End of year	\$ 358,616	\$	7,015,619	\$ 7,374,235

Other Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

	ooperative ucation Fund	A	Compensated Absence and elf-Insurance Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers, interfund services, and reimbursements Fringe benefits, claims, purchased services, and other	\$ -	\$	29,416,126	\$ 29,416,126
amounts paid Net Increase in Cash and Investments - Net cash provided by operating activities	 		(28,840,600) 575,526	(28,840,600) 575,526
Cash and Investments - Beginning of year	 358,616		14,087,926	14,446,542
Cash and Investments - End of year	\$ 358,616	\$	14,663,452	\$ 15,022,068
Reconciliation of Change in Net Position to Net Cash from Operating Activities Change in net position Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net cash from operating activities -	\$ -	\$	269,239	\$ 269,239
Changes in assets and liabilities: Receivables Prepaid and other assets Provision for compensated absences, severance	-		215,656 (598,336)	215,656 (598,336)
pay, and self-insurance liability Accrued and other liabilities	 - -		286,333 402,634	286,333 402,634
Net cash and investments provided by operating activities	\$ -	\$	575,526	\$ 575,526

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness

June 30, 2025

	2023 Project Bon	nd
Year Ended June 30	Principal Int	erest Total
2026	\$ 2,025,000 \$ 4	,529,750 \$ 6,554,750
2027	2,235,000 4	,428,500 6,663,500
2028	2,480,000 4	,316,750 6,796,750
2029	2,735,000 4	,192,750 6,927,750
2030	3,005,000 4	7,056,000 7,061,000
2031		3,905,750 7,205,750
2032	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3,740,750 7,355,750
2033	, ,	3,560,000 7,500,000
2034	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,363,000 7,638,000
2035	· · · ·	3,149,250 7,789,250
2036		2,917,250 7,937,250
2037		2,666,250 8,096,250
2038	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,394,750 8,274,750
2039 2040		2,100,750 8,275,750
2040		,792,000 8,277,000 ,467,750 8,277,750
2042		,127,250 8,277,250
2043	7,510,000	769,750 8,279,750
2044	7,885,000	394,250 8,279,250
Total remaining payments		\$,872,500 \$ 145,467,500
Total remaining payments	\$ 90,333,000 \$ 34	\$ 143,467,300
Principal payments due	May 1	
Interest payments due	May 1 and Novemb	er 1
Interest rate	5.0%	
Original issue	\$ 92,330,000	