Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2022

	Contents
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
·	4-11
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-11
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	12 13
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	14 15 16
Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	18 19 20
Notes to Financial Statements	21-38
Required Supplemental Information	39
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Education Fund Schedule of the Intermediate School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	40 41
Liability Schedule of Pension Contributions Schedule of the Intermediate School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Schedule of OPEB Contributions Notes to Required Supplemental Information	42 43 44 45 46
Other Supplemental Information	47
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	48 49
Internal Service Funds: Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows	50 51 52
Federal Awards Supplemental Information	Issued Under Separate Cover



Suite 300 19176 Hall Road Clinton Township, MI 48038 Tel: 586.416.4900 Fax: 586.416.4901 plantemoran.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education

Macomb Intermediate School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Macomb Intermediate School District (the "Intermediate School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Intermediate School District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respectivefinancial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Intermediate School District as of June 30, 2022 and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Intermediate School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Intermediate School District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



To the Board of Education Macomb Intermediate School District

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Intermediate School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Intermediate School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Intermediate School District's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Board of Education

Macomb Intermediate School District

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 24, 2022 on our consideration of the Intermediate School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Intermediate School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Intermediate School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 24, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Macomb Intermediate School District's (the "Intermediate School District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Intermediate School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Intermediate School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Macomb Intermediate School District financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole Intermediate School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the Intermediate School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the Intermediate School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Intermediate School District's most significant funds - the General Fund, the Special Education Fund, and the General Capital Projects Fund - with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The other remaining statements relate to the Intermediate School District's proprietary funds (internal service funds, including the Education Fund and Compensated Absence and Self-Insurance Fund, and enterprise funds, including the Student Accounting and Wide Area Network (WAN) funds).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Information for Major Funds

Schedules of the Intermediate School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and Net OPEB Liabilities

Schedules of Pension and OPEB Contributions

Other Supplemental Information

Reporting the Intermediate School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the Intermediate School District is, "As a whole, what is the Intermediate School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the Intermediate School District's financial statements, report information on the Intermediate School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

These two statements report the Intermediate School District's net position - the difference between assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the Intermediate School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Intermediate School District's net position - as reported in the statement of activities - are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the Intermediate School District's operating results. However, the Intermediate School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the Intermediate School District.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental and business-type activities for the Intermediate School District, which encompass all of the Intermediate School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, and interdistrict payments to local districts. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the Intermediate School District's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The Intermediate School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Intermediate School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law. However, the Intermediate School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The funds of the Intermediate School District use the following accounting approaches:

Governmental Funds

The majority of the Intermediate School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the Intermediate School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Intermediate School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the economic resources measurement and an accounting method called full accrual accounting. The proprietary fund statements present a long-term view of operations and the services they provide to other funds.

The Intermediate School District as Trustee - Reporting the Intermediate School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Intermediate School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student and other groups' activity funds and tax collections. All of the Intermediate School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities. We exclude these activities from the Intermediate School District's other financial statements because the Intermediate School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Intermediate School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Intermediate School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the Intermediate School District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the Intermediate School District's net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	(Governmental	Business-type Activities				
		2022	2022	2021			
		(in millio	ons)	(in mi	llions)		
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	145.3 \$ 51.0	128.6 \$ 51.4	10.0 0.6	\$ 9.2 0.8		
Total assets		196.3	180.0	10.6	10.0		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		44.0	64.9	-	-		
Liabilities Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Net pension liability Net OPEB liability		52.3 5.4 157.8 10.1	51.5 6.5 231.8 36.3	- - - -	- - - -		
Total liabilities		225.6	326.1	-	-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		104.1	38.3	-			
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted governmental: Other Pension OPEB Unrestricted - Business type		50.5 88.0 (191.3) (36.6)	50.2 71.8 (194.2) (47.3)	- - - - 10.6	- - - - 10.0		
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(89.4)	(119.5)	10.6	\$ 10.0		

The above analysis focuses on the net position. The change in net position of the Intermediate School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The Intermediate School District's net position of governmental activities was \$(89.4) million at June 30, 2022. Net investment in capital assets totaling \$50.5 million compares the original cost, less depreciation of the Intermediate School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints associated with the expenditure of special education funds and enabling legislation that limit the Intermediate School District's ability to use the net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position, \$(140.0) million, was unrestricted.

As required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Intermediate School District adopted GASB Statement Nos. 68 and No. 71. These standards required the inclusion of the Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System's pension obligation within the Intermediate School District's financial statements, effective July 1, 2014. The effect of the adoption was to decrease the July 1, 2014 beginning net position by approximately \$141.2 million and include the obligation and related deferred inflows and outflows in subsequent financial statements. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Intermediate School District adopted GASB Statement No. 75. This standard required the inclusion of the Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System's postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) within the Intermediate School District's financial statements, effective July 1, 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The effect of the adoption was to decrease the July 1, 2017 beginning net position by approximately \$60.4 million and include the obligation and related deferred inflows and outflows in subsequent financial statements. All governments participating in the retirement plan were required to adopt these new standards. While this represents a significant amount, the retirement plan itself is substantially funded, and our statutory required contribution is annually budgeted for. In addition, it is our opinion that this unfunded liability should be allocated not just to those entities participating in the retirement plan but rather to any entity receiving state funding, a portion of which is attributable to the retirement plan.

The \$(140.0) million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations of \$88 million less \$(191.3) million related to the adoption of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71 and \$(36.6) million related to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75. The restricted and unrestricted other net position balances enable the Intermediate School District to meet working capital and cash flow requirements, as well as to provide for future uncertainties. The operating results of the General, Special Education, and General Capital Projects funds will continue to have a significant impact on the change in the unrestricted other net position from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the Intermediate School District as a whole are reported in the condensed statement of activities below, which shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	(in mi	llions)	(in m	illions)
Revenue				
Program revenue:				
Charges for services	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 2.6	\$ 2.7
Operating grants	152.1	142.4	-	-
General revenue:				
Taxes	147.6	143.7	-	-
State aid not restricted to specific purposes	8.7	8.5	-	-
Other	 3.1	3.6		
Total revenue	311.5	298.2	2.6	2.7
Expenses				
Instruction	41.7	47.8	-	-
Support services	79.4	91.2	_	-
Food services	0.7	0.9	-	-
Community services	1.0	1.0	_	-
Payments to other entities and public schools	155.6	148.1	-	-
Debt service	-	0.1	-	-
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	3.0	3.0	-	-
WAN and student database services expense	 	_	2.0	1.5
Total expenses	 281.4	292.1	2.0	1.5
Change in Net Position	30.1	6.1	0.6	1.2
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year	 (119.5)	(125.6)	10.0	8.8
Net Position (Deficit) - End of year	\$ (89.4)	\$ (119.5)	\$ 10.6	\$ 10.0

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$281.4 million, a decrease of \$10.7 million over the prior year. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$152.1 million). We paid for the remaining public benefit portion of our governmental activities with \$147.6 million in taxes, \$8.7 million in state aid not restricted for specific purposes, and \$3.1 million in other revenue (i.e., interest and general entitlements).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The governmental activities of the Intermediate School District experienced an increase in net position of \$30.1 million.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the Intermediate School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the Intermediate School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities unrestricted net position (the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations) increased slightly. The current level of unrestricted net position stands at \$10.6 million.

The Intermediate School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the Intermediate School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the Intermediate School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the Intermediate School District's overall financial health.

As the Intermediate School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported an increase of approximately \$16.7 million in the combined fund balance from last year. The primary reasons for the increase are as follows:

In the General Fund, the fund balance increased by approximately \$2.3 million. The General Fund fund balance is available to fund costs related to allowable operating purposes and will assist in covering any shortfalls or late payments that may occur in the future based on payments from the State of Michigan.

The Special Education Fund reported a net increase in fund balance of approximately \$5.1 million.

The General Capital Projects Fund fund balance increased by approximately \$10.2 million, primarily as a result of transfers of funds into the General Capital Projects Fund (see Note 7).

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Intermediate School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was actually adopted just before year end. A schedule showing the Intermediate School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided as required supplemental information to these financial statements.

There were revisions made to the 2021-2022 General Fund original budget. Budgeted revenue increased by approximately \$21.4 million primarily due to the addition of certain state and federal grants that were not originally budgeted.

Budgeted expenditures also increased by approximately \$20.3 million to account for the additional expenditures (salaries, support services, and interdistrict transfers) primarily as a result of the increased grant funding.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts, other than differences that arose related to grant funds being budgeted at their full amounts (both revenue and expenditures) and the timing differences that arose from the actual grant spending process, along with discretionary transfers between funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2022, the Intermediate School District (governmental activities) had \$96.3 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net increase of the cost basis of approximately \$0.7 million.

	 Governmen	tal /	Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities		
	2022	_	2021		2022		2021	
Land	\$ 8,687,327	\$	8,822,542	\$	-	\$	-	
Construction in progress	150,002		1,141,712		-		-	
Buildings and improvements	49,635,808		48,300,396		-		-	
Furniture and equipment	15,449,529		15,163,260		1,128,570		1,108,079	
Buses and other vehicles	16,736,512		18,693,854		-		_	
Land improvements	 5,610,537		3,462,411		-			
Total capital assets	96,269,715		95,584,175		1,128,570		1,108,079	
Less accumulated depreciation	 45,220,829		44,216,288		504,449		319,039	
Total capital assets - Net of accumulated	- 4 - 40 - 00			_		_	- 00 0 40	
depreciation	\$ 51,048,886	<u>\$</u>	51,367,887	\$	624,121	\$	789,040	

This year's additions of approximately \$2.8 million consisted primarily of buildings and land improvements.

Long-term Obligations

Long-term obligations include general obligation bonds, accrued severance pay, compensated absences, pension liability, and self-insurance liabilities. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

At the end of this year, the Intermediate School District had \$580,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding, versus \$1.150 million in the previous year.

The State limits the amount of total debt that intermediate school districts can issue to 1.5 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the Intermediate School District's boundaries. Qualified bonds are backed by the State of Michigan and are not subject to this limit; however, none of the Intermediate School District's bonds are qualified.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The Intermediate School District's revenue is heavily dependent on local property taxes and state categorical funding. Michigan's economic recovery from the recent downturn had not kept pace with the recovery experienced by the rest of the nation. As a result of the depressed housing market, taxable values had fallen 24.3 percent since 2008-2009 but have now stabilized and are expected to slowly recover in the near term. In dollar terms, this reduction equated to \$23.2 million less annually in property tax revenue compared to 2008-2009. In 2022-2023, 14 years later, the property tax revenue will finally be slightly greater than it was in 2008-2009. Furthermore, legislation eliminating the Michigan business tax and the personal property tax have further added to our revenue pressures. The actual state categorical revenue we receive will depend on the State's willingness to maintain existing earmarked revenue streams that fund the School Aid Fund and whether the School Aid Fund continues to cover or increases the proportion of funding for community colleges and higher education that have previously been funded by the State's General Fund and whether the State funds intermediate school districts (ISD) similar to all ISDs, local school districts, and public school academies for related categoricals and federal ESSER grants.

Intermediate school districts have suffered enormous reductions over the last 16 years. Statewide, the level of funding is \$1.6 million less than our annual level of funding in 2003. On a positive note, the Intermediate School District will benefit from the expansion of existing special education related state categorical revenue, resulting in an increase of over \$9 million over the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The responses to COVID-19 will continue to impact expenditures through much of the year. Unfortunately, like other related categoricals mentioned earlier, ISDs, particularly those with students, will not receive the similar level of federal relief as their local school district and public school academy counterparts.

On a positive note, in March 2020 a substantial 10-year countywide enhancement millage was passed. Beginning in 2020-2021, over \$57 million will be levied and ultimately distributed to all Macomb County school districts and public school academies on a per pupil basis annually until 2029-2030.

The board and administration have reviewed and continue to review all aspects of the operation to address these changes in funding. With that in mind, the fund balances of our major funds are expected to finally stabilize over the next few years.

As a result of the economic downturn/Great Recession during 2008-2014, many construction-related projects and preventive maintenance measures were put on hold or deferred to a later date. During this time, our savings, which would have partially financed this work, were instead utilized to mitigate the impact to our daily operations. Recognizing the need to move forward on these delayed projects, a \$97.5 million Special Education Facilities Improvement bond proposal is being presented to our voters in the November 2022 general election.

In addition to the ISD impact, local districts are experiencing similar revenue and expenditure pressures, leading to increased reliance on ISDs for services and support, particularly for special education.

The need to service students and provide services to our constituent school districts has expanded significantly in the past few years, particularly in the areas of consultant services, special education, technology, and business services.

To provide the additional services and at the same time maintain fiscal responsibility, the following priorities were established and are actively being worked on:

- 1. Support schools in responding to COVID-19
- 2. Support schools experiencing lower student outcomes
- 3. Offer credit recovery options and summer camps for students who need help in meeting the state graduation requirements
- 4. Support a countywide transition assessment for high school students with special needs
- 5. Provide career preparation opportunities for students
- 6. Respond to Macomb County's expanding diverse population needs
- 7. Respond to the impact of Macomb County's decline in student enrollment during the pandemic
- 8. Assist local districts in the implementation of the Michigan Standards curriculum
- 9. Provide alternative pathways for student learning
- 10. Continue to support countywide and innovative and collaborative programs, such as the International Baccalaureate (IB) and the Early College programs
- 11. Continue to increase the capacity of the Great Start Readiness Program
- 12. Provide Early On Services throughout the county for young children from birth to three years of age
- 13. Offer social emotional/mental health supports
- 14. Offer school safety support
- 15. Expand our use of student data management tools to analyze student achievement and performance
- 16. Explore the impact on county resources and programs and develop responses to recent legislative changes pertaining to charter and cyberschools

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

- 17. Assist local districts with the multitude of compliance, data submissions, and federal and state regulations
- 18. Support local districts in financial stress
- 19. Maintain the completed countywide fiber optic network, which provides technology support and access to worldwide educational resources
- 20. Support and maintain Power School, our countywide student management system
- 21. Support and maintain Power School Special Education (PSSE), the county's special education management system
- 22. Implement strategies in the MISD School Improvement Plan
- 23. Renovate four existing MISD schools to better service special education students
- 24. Explore options to accommodate the growing needs of our severely cognitively impaired, severely multiply impaired, and autistic population
- 25. Explore site improvement options at three of our sites
- 26.Expand Educational Service Center training rooms and workspace to meet the expanding needs of students and management
- 27. Maintain our financial strength to ensure we do not have billbacks to local schools for special education students attending center programs through the 2022-2023 school year

Publication of this financial report, prepared by the business office, concludes the financial reporting program for the 2021-2022 fiscal year. It was a challenging and rewarding year for the Intermediate School District, and we would like to commend our dedicated staff for their efforts in providing leadership and services to our 21 constituent districts, 16 academies, and the 121,000 public school students throughout the county.

Contacting the Intermediate School District's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the Intermediate School District's finances and to show the Intermediate School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the business office.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	G 	overnmental Activities	Bı	usiness-type Activities	Total	_
Assets						
Cash and investments (Note 4) Receivables:	\$	99,352,007	\$	9,952,750	\$ 109,304,757	,
Accounts receivable		639,561		_	639,561	
Due from other governmental units		42,945,022		-	42,945,022	
Inventories		99,233		-	99,233	
Prepaid costs		2,135,754		3,310	2,139,064	
Other assets		7,398		-	7,398	j
Capital assets - Net (Note 6)		51,048,886		624,121	51,673,007	—
Total assets		196,227,861		10,580,181	206,808,042	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred pension costs (Note 10)		31,395,976		-	31,395,976	j
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 10)		12,637,810			12,637,810	1
Total deferred outflows of resources		44,033,786		-	44,033,786	j
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		3,233,562		20,490	3,254,052	,
Due to other governmental units		20,557,566		-	20,557,566	
Other accrued liabilities		12,012,206		-	12,012,206	j
Unearned revenue (Note 5)		16,485,680		-	16,485,680	1
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year (Note 8)		3,401,340		-	3,401,340	
Due in more than one year (Note 8)		2,003,401		-	2,003,401	
Net pension liability (Note 10)		157,811,833		-	157,811,833	
Net OPEB liability (Note 10)		10,068,771		 .	10,068,771	_
Total liabilities		225,574,359		20,490	225,594,849	,
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Revenue in support of pension contributions made		40.000.054			40.000.054	
subsequent to the measurement date (Note 10)		10,398,951		-	10,398,951	
Deferred pension cost reductions (Note 10)		54,509,257		-	54,509,257	
Deferred OPEB cost reductions (Note 10)		39,207,590		-	39,207,590	_
Total deferred inflows of resources		104,115,798			104,115,798	<u>;</u>
Net Position (Deficit)						
Net investment in capital assets		50,468,886		-	50,468,886	j
Restricted - Food service		125,163		-	125,163	
Unrestricted		(140,022,559)		10,559,691	(129,462,868	•)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(89,428,510)	\$	10,559,691	(78,868,819	<u>')</u>

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
Docition

						ττοι (Επροποσ	,	Position	····	ngoo iii i tot
			Program	Rev	venue	Pr	rima	ary Governme	nt	
	Expenses		harges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	Governmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total
Functions/Programs Primary government: Governmental activities:										
Instruction Support services	\$ 41,710,209 79,429,730	\$	-	\$	13,286,989 75,143,192	\$ (28,423,220) (4,286,538)	\$	-	\$	(28,423,220) (4,286,538)
Food services	658,808		371		702,977	44,540		_		44,540
Community services Payments to other entities and	1,013,068		-		-	(1,013,068)		-		(1,013,068)
public schools Interest	155,553,133 32,230		-		62,979,062	(92,574,071) (32,230)		-		(92,574,071) (32,230)
Depreciation expense (unallocated) (Note 6)	3,007,425		-	_	-	(3,007,425)		-	_	(3,007,425)
Total governmental activities	281,404,603		371	,	152,112,220	(129,292,012)		-	((129,292,012)
Business-type activities - WAN and student database services	2,045,835		2,644,434		-			598,599	_	598,599
Total primary government	\$ 283,450,438	\$	2,644,805	\$ 1	152,112,220	(129,292,012)		598,599	((128,693,413)
	General revenue Taxes: Property		es levied for	gen	eral					
	purpo Propert		es levied for	spe	cial	6,107,017		-		6,107,017
	educa Propert		es levied for	enh	ancement	82,636,151		-		82,636,151
	millag					58,889,683		-		58,889,683
			stricted to spe			8,689,607		-		8,689,607
			estment earni capital assets			56,004 (6,140)		-		56,004 (6,140)
	Other	5 01 0	capital asset	5		3,027,080				3,027,080
			Total genera	al re	venue	159,399,402		-	_	159,399,402
	Change in Net	Pos	ition			30,107,390		598,599		30,705,989
	Net Position (D	efic	it) - Beginnin	ıg of	f year	(119,535,900)		9,961,092	((109,574,808)
	Net Position (D	efic	it) - End of y	ear		\$ (89,428,510)	\$	10,559,691	\$	(78,868,819)

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2022

	G	eneral Fund	Ed	Special ucation Fund		eneral Capital Projects Fund	Nor	nmajor Funds	_	Total Sovernmental Funds
Assets	\$	9,433,591	¢.	20,669,930	Ф	48,614,764	¢.	5 017 <i>11</i> 6	ď	83,735,731
Cash and investments (Note 4) Receivables:	Ф	9,433,591	Ф	20,009,930	Ф	40,014,704	Ф	5,017,446	Ф	03,735,731
Accounts receivable		635,880		3,681		-		-		639,561
Due from other governmental units		11,623,356		31,273,777		-		47,889		42,945,022
Inventories		20,820 514,750		78,413 1,522,565		-		23,439		99,233 2,060,754
Prepaid costs	_	314,730		1,322,303				20,409		2,000,734
Total assets	\$	22,228,397	\$	53,548,366	\$	48,614,764	\$	5,088,774	\$	129,480,301
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	1,373,760	\$	1,589,260	\$	141,733	\$	128,809	\$	3,233,562
Due to other governmental units		7,377,363		13,180,075		-		128		20,557,566
Other accrued liabilities Unearned revenue (Note 5)		1,883,624 4,777,662		8,180,290 11,679,677		-		43,350 28,341		10,107,264 16,485,680
, ,		4,777,002		11,075,077		_		20,041		10,400,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable revenue (Note 5)		162,687		-						162,687
Total liabilities and deferred										
inflows of resources		15,575,096		34,629,302		141,733		200,628		50,546,759
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable:										
Inventory		20,820		78,413		-		<u>-</u>		99,233
Prepaids Restricted:		514,750		1,522,565		-		23,439		2,060,754
Special education		_		17,318,086		_		_		17,318,086
Food service		-		-		-		120,468		120,468
Committed:										
Cooperative activities		-		-		-		3,604,318		3,604,318
Debt service Student activities		-		-		-		632,583 507,338		632,583 507,338
Assigned - Capital projects		-		-		48,473,031		307,336 -		48,473,031
Unassigned		6,117,731		-		-		-		6,117,731
Total fund balances		6,653,301		18,919,064		48,473,031		4,888,146		78,933,542
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					_					
of resources, and fund	•	00 000 00=	•	E0 E40 000		40.044.704	•	E 000 75 1		400 400 004
balances	\$	22,228,397	\$	53,548,366	\$	48,614,764	\$	5,088,774	\$	129,480,301

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 78,933,542
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:	
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	 96,269,715 (45,220,829)
Net capital assets used in governmental activities	51,048,886
Receivables that are not collected soon after year end are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds	162,687
Bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(580,000)
Some employee fringe benefits are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities:	
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows Net OPEB liability and related deferred inflows and outflows	(180,925,114) (36,638,551)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and	
is not reported in the funds	(10,398,951)
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities	 8,968,991
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$ (89,428,510)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Education Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue					
Local sources	\$ 65,927,958	\$ 95,348,074	\$ 559,186	\$ 628,174	\$ 162,463,392
State sources	30,564,511	62,235,616	· -	(17,689)	
Federal sources	9,268,099	44,210,379	-	707,138	54,185,616
Interdistrict sources	467,737	_		3,183,165	3,650,902
Total revenue	106,228,305	201,794,069	559,186	4,500,788	313,082,348
Expenditures Current:					
Instruction	310.439	43,870,057		2,479,643	46,660,139
Support services	22,892,220	64,195,223	500,499	1,534,661	89,122,603
Food services	-	-	-	658,808	658,808
Community services	473,441	578,275	_	-	1,051,716
Debt service:	,	,			, ,
Principal	-	-	-	570,000	570,000
Interest	-	-	-	32,230	32,230
Capital outlay	194,023	194,822	2,359,641	86,518	2,835,004
Payments to other entities and public schools	85,973,339	69,579,794			155,553,133
Total expenditures	109,843,462	178,418,171	2,860,140	5,361,860	296,483,633
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenditures	(3,615,157)	23,375,898	(2,300,954)	(861,072)	16,598,715
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		440.440			440.440
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in (Note 7)	- 5,941,919	140,440	12,500,000	-	140,440 18,441,919
Transfers out (Note 7)	5,941,919	(18,441,919)	12,300,000	-	(18,441,919)
Transiers out (Note 1)		(10,111,010)			(10,111,010)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,941,919	(18,301,479)	12,500,000	_	140,440
,					
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,326,762	5,074,419	10,199,046	(861,072)	16,739,155
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	4,326,539	13,844,645	38,273,985	5,749,218	62,194,387
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 6,653,301	\$ 18,919,064	\$ 48,473,031	\$ 4,888,146	\$ 78,933,542

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 16,739,155
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation: Capitalized capital outlay	2,835,004
Depreciation expense Net book value of assets disposed of	(3,007,425) (146,580)
Revenue in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the funds until it is available	6,601
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(1,570,816)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	570,000
Some employee costs (pension and OPEB) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	15,163,585
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities	(482,134)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 30,107,390

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	 Nonn Student	_	overnmental Activities Proprietary - Internal Service			
Assets Current assets: Cash and investments (Note 4) Prepaid costs Other assets	\$ 4,480,731 - -	\$	5,472,019 3,310 -	\$ 9,952,750 3,310 -	\$	15,616,276 75,000 7,398
Total current assets	4,480,731		5,475,329	9,956,060		15,698,674
Noncurrent assets - Capital assets - Net (Note 6)	 359,781	<u> </u>	264,340	 624,121		
Total assets	4,840,512		5,739,669	10,580,181		15,698,674
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable Other accrued liabilities	- -		20,490	20,490		- 1,904,942
Provision for compensated absences and severance pay (Note 8) Provision for self-insurance (Notes 8 and	-		-	-		1,481,532 1,339,808
9) Total current liabilities	 <u> </u>		20,400	 20,400		
Noncurrent liabilities - Provision for	-		20,490	20,490		4,726,282
compensated absences and severance pay (Note 8)	-		-	 -	_	2,003,401
Total liabilities	-		20,490	 20,490	_	6,729,683
Net Position - Unrestricted	\$ 4,840,512	\$	5,719,179	\$ 10,559,691	\$	8,968,991

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Nonm	ajo	or Enterprise	Fu	nds	G	overnmental Activities
	 Student Accounting		Wide Area Network	_	Total	F	Proprietary - Internal Service
Operating Revenue - Charges for compensated absences, severance pay, self-insurance costs, WAN services, and student database services	\$ 1,068,576	\$	1,575,858	\$	2,644,434	\$	20,717,162
Operating Expenses - Fringe benefits, purchased services, and supplies and materials	1,101,807		944,028		2,045,835		21,199,296
Change in Net Position	(33,231)		631,830		598,599		(482,134)
Net Position - Beginning of year	 4,873,743		5,087,349	_	9,961,092		9,451,125
Net Position - End of year	\$ 4,840,512	\$	5,719,179	\$	10,559,691	\$	8,968,991

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Student Wide Area Accounting Network Total					overnmental Activities Proprietary - Internal Service	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers, interfund services, and reimbursements Fringe benefits, claims, purchased services, and other amounts paid	\$ 1,068,576 (988,704)	\$	1,575,859		2,644,435 (1,851,653)	•	20,709,764 (21,792,268)
Net cash and investments provided by (used in) operating activities	79,872		712,910		792,782		(1,082,504)
Cash Flows Used in Financing Activities - Purchase of capital assets	 		(20,491)		(20,491)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	79,872		692,419		772,291		(1,082,504)
Cash and Investments - Beginning of year	4,400,859		4,779,600		9,180,459		16,698,780
Cash and Investments - End of year	\$ 4,480,731	\$	5,472,019	\$	9,952,750	\$	15,616,276
Reconciliation of Change in Net Position to Net Cash from Operating Activities Change in net position Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net cash from operating activities:	\$ (33,231)	\$	631,830	\$	598,599	\$	(482,134)
Depreciation	113,103		72,306		185,409		-
Changes in assets and liabilities: Prepaid and other assets Accrued and other liabilities Provision for compensated absences, severance pay, and self-insurance liability	-		(3,310) 12,083 -		(3,310) 12,083		(7,398) (141,729) (451,243)
Net cash and investments provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 79,872	\$	712,909	\$	792,781	\$	(1,082,504)

June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Macomb Intermediate School District (the "Intermediate School District") is an intermediate school district in the state of Michigan that provides educational services to students and other support to local educational authorities throughout Macomb County, Michigan.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The Intermediate School District follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Intermediate School District:

Reporting Entity

The Intermediate School District is governed by an elected five-member Board of Education. In accordance with government accounting principles, there are no separate legal entities appropriate to be reported within these financial statements.

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units, as applicable. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes, unrestricted intergovernmental receipts, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The Intermediate School District accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it spends certain resources; separate funds allow the Intermediate School District to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue is used. The various funds are aggregated into the following fund types:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. Governmental funds can include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds. The Intermediate School District reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide government services other than those specifically assigned to another fund.
- The Special Education Fund (special revenue fund) is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for special education. Revenue sources for the Special Education Fund include property taxes from a special education millage and dedicated grants from state and federal sources. Any net deficit of this fund is the responsibility of the General Fund.
- The General Capital Projects Fund is used to record transactions associated with capital asset acquisition, renovation, or improvement.

Additionally, the Intermediate School District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

- Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The special revenue funds maintained by the Intermediate School District are the School Lunch Fund, Collaborative Education Fund, and Student Activities Fund. The School Lunch Fund is used to provide lunch services to students. The Collaborative Education Fund has been established to provide a variety of educational services, including the following: an International Baccalaureate program, which is focused on developing and providing a collaborative countywide program for high-achieving students; an Early College program, which provides a challenging high school curriculum, along with offering college courses through the partnering community college; the Macomb Area Pathways program, which provides support for a middle school alternative program used by local school districts and coordinated by Macomb Intermediate School District's consultant services department; and the MME/School Improvement Program, which is responsible for providing support for specific professional development opportunities, including data analysis for the 28 high schools in Macomb County to improve achievement at this level. Revenue sources for the School Lunch Fund include sales to customers and dedicated grants from state and federal sources. Revenue of the Collaborative Education Fund primarily consists of charges to local districts. Revenue sources for the Student Activities Fund include fundraising revenue and donations earned and received by student groups. Any deficit generated by the special revenue funds is the responsibility of the General Fund.
- The Debt Retirement Fund is a debt service fund that is used to record the accumulation of resources for the payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on long-term debt.

June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds (which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees) and internal service funds (which provide goods or services to other funds of the Intermediate School District). The Intermediate School District reports the following enterprise and internal service funds:

- The Compensated Absence and Self-Insurance Fund (internal service fund) is used to account for the financing of employee compensated absences, severance pay, and self-insurance provided to other funds on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- The Cooperative Education Fund (internal service fund) is used to account for revenue and expenses
 associated with billing and collecting summer property taxes for the Intermediate School District,
 certain constituent local school districts, Macomb Community College, and the State of Michigan.
 Charges to the local school districts are made on a per parcel basis to support the activities of the
 fund.
- The Wide Area Network Fund and Student Accounting Fund (enterprise funds) are used to account for revenue and expenses associated with maintenance and operation of wide-area network and student accounting database, respectively, for the benefit of local school districts in Macomb County. Charges to the local school districts are made on a per pupil basis. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the Intermediate School District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the Intermediate School District has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree health care-related costs or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the Intermediate School District considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources.

Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, as applicable, use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, when applicable.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and land improvements, buildings, furniture and equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Intermediate School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Depreciable Life - Years
Land improvements	20
Buildings and improvements Buses and other vehicles	20 to 50 5 to 7
Furniture and equipment	5 to 10

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Intermediate School District reports deferred outflows related to deferred pension and OPEB costs.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Intermediate School District reports deferred inflows related to revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and deferred pension and OPEB plan cost reductions as well as unavailable revenue (revenue not collected within the period of availability).

Net Position

Net position of the Intermediate School District is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. The restricted component, when applicable, of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted.

Net Position Flow Assumption

The Intermediate School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements (as applicable), a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Intermediate School District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The Intermediate School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Intermediate School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The nonspendable fund balance component represents amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose. The Intermediate School District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Intermediate School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Intermediate School District that can, by passing a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once passed, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the passing of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential either to remove or revise a commitment.

Property Tax Revenue

Properties are assessed as of December 31, and the related property taxes become a lien on July 1 of the following year. Tax collections are forwarded to the Intermediate School District as collected by the assessing municipalities through March 1, at which time they are considered delinquent and added to county tax rolls. Any delinquent taxes collected by the county are remitted to the Intermediate School District by June 30. The Intermediate School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Grants and Contributions

The Intermediate School District receives federal, state, and local grants, as well as contributions from individuals and private organizations. Revenue from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) is recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as nonoperating revenue. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

For the purpose of measuring the net pension and net OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each plan, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from the MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. MPSERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the plan benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the proprietary fund statements consists of earned but unused accumulated vacation and severance pay benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in the internal service funds as it is earned. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments at normal retirement age and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon normal retirement are included.

June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary Funds Operating Classification

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of proprietary funds is charges to customers for sales or services. Operating expenses for these funds include the cost of sales or services and administrative expenses and may include depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), which defines SBITAs and provides accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs by governments. This statement requires a government to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset for SBITAs. The Intermediate School District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Intermediate School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2023.

In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model. This statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means and establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used. It also updates disclosure requirements for compensated absences. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Intermediate School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the General Fund and all special revenue funds with the following exceptions: operating transfers have been included in the revenue and expenditures categories rather than as other financing sources (uses), capital outlay is budgeted in other expenditure categories, payments to another public school district for services rendered have been budgeted in support service expenditures rather than transfers and other and community service expenditures have been budgeted for as support service expenditures. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the Intermediate School District to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders and contracts) are tracked periodically during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

During the year, the Intermediate School District did not incur any expenditures that were in excess of the budgeted amounts.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes and the Intermediate School District's investment policy authorize the Intermediate School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The Intermediate School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures no more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The Intermediate School District's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Intermediate School District has designated six banks and credit unions for the deposit of its funds.

The Intermediate School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Intermediate School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The Intermediate School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Intermediate School District had \$68,614,088 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Intermediate School District believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Intermediate School District evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Intermediate School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Intermediate School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the Intermediate School District does not have investments with custodial credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the Intermediate School District's investment policy prohibit investments in foreign currency.

June 30, 2022

Note 5 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

At June 30, 2022, the various components of unearned and unavailable revenue were as follows:

	Governmental Funds				
		erred Inflow - navailable		Liability - Unearned	
Charges for services Grant and categorical aid payment received prior to meeting all	\$	162,687	\$	-	
eligibility requirements		-		16,485,680	

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Intermediate School District's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Balance July 1, 2021	Reclassifications	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 8,822,542 1,141,712		\$ - 150,002	\$ - 	\$ 8,687,327 150,002
Subtotal	9,964,254	(1,276,927)	150,002	-	8,837,329
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles Land improvements	48,300,396 15,163,260 18,693,854 3,462,411	- - - 1,276,927	1,335,412 354,685 123,706 871,199	(68,416) (2,081,048)	49,635,808 15,449,529 16,736,512 5,610,537
Subtotal	85,619,921	1,276,927	2,685,002	(2,149,464)	87,432,386
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles Land improvements	21,177,086 11,833,413 10,419,269 786,520	- - -	753,975 344,460 1,814,338 94,652	(64,995) (1,937,889) 	21,931,061 12,112,878 10,295,718 881,172
Subtotal	44,216,288		3,007,425	(2,002,884)	45,220,829
Net capital assets being depreciated	41,403,633	1,276,927	(322,423)	(146,580)	42,211,557
Net governmental activities capital assets	\$ 51,367,887	\$ -	<u>\$ (172,421)</u>	<u>\$ (146,580)</u>	\$ 51,048,886

June 30, 2022

Note 6 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type Activities

	J	Balance uly 1, 2021	 Additions	isposals and Adjustments	J	Balance une 30, 2022
Capital assets being depreciated - Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation -	\$	1,108,079	\$ 20,491	\$ -	\$	1,128,570
Furniture and equipment		319,039	 185,410	 -		504,449
Net business-type activities capital assets	\$	789,040	\$ (164,919)	\$ -	\$	624,121

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities, as the Intermediate School District's assets benefit multiple activities, and allocation is not practical.

At June 30, 2022, the Intermediate School District had capital commitments of approximately \$2,000,000 related to the acquisition of school buses.

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Transfers into the General Fund primarily represent amounts received from the Special Education Fund for indirect costs of \$5,941,919. The General Capital Projects Fund received \$12,500,000 from the Special Education Fund for future capital purchases.

Note 8 - Long-term Obligations

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 can be summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning Balance	_	Additions	_	Reductions	Ending Balance	_	Due within One Year
Bonds payable - Other debt Severance pay Compensated absences Self-insurance	\$ 1,150,000 1,744,646 1,552,277 1,979,061	\$	- 798,365 871,177 15,955,168	\$	(570,000) (737,571) (743,961) (16,594,421)	\$ 580,000 1,805,440 1,679,493 1,339,808	\$	580,000 737,571 743,961 1,339,808
Total governmental activities long-term debt	\$ 6,425,984	\$	17,624,710	\$	(18,645,953)	\$ 5,404,741	\$	3,401,340

General Obligation Bonds and Contracts

The Intermediate School District issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Intermediate School District. General obligations outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Purpose	Year Issued	Interest Rates	Maturing	0	utstanding
Governmental Activities					
School building and site bond	2018	3.10%	5/1/2023	\$	580,000

June 30, 2022

Note 8 - Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

	 G	ove	rnmental Activiti	es	
	Othe	r De	ebt		
Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 580,000	\$	17,980	\$	597,980

Note 9 - Risk Management

The Intermediate School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Intermediate School District has purchased commercial insurance for certain medical benefits provided to employees; errors and omissions; boiler and machinery; and school secretary, treasurer, and attendance officer bond claims. The Intermediate School District participates in the MASB/SEG risk pool for claims relating to all risks related to property and liability coverage on owned buildings and contents, umbrella liability, bus and auto fleet, travel accident, workers' disability, and other miscellaneous coverage. The Intermediate School District is partially insured for health benefits provided to certain employee groups. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The shared-risk pool program in which the Intermediate School District participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

The Intermediate School District estimates the liability for medical claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including claims that have been reported and those that have not yet been reported. These estimates are included in the Internal Service Fund. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	 2022	_	2021
Estimated liability - Beginning of year Estimated claims incurred, including changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 1,979,061 15,955,168 (16,594,421)	•	2,671,634 16,002,726 (16,695,299)
Estimated liability - End of year	\$ 1,339,808	\$	1,979,061

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The Intermediate School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the Intermediate School District. Certain intermediate school district employees also receive defined contribution retirement and health care benefits through the System. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

June 30, 2022

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the pension and postemployment health care plans. That report is available on the web at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit (DB) pension plan and the postemployment health care plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan and the postemployment health care plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of services times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension but is permanently reduced 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Depending on the member's date of hire, MPSERS offers the option of participating in the defined contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50 percent employer match (up to 3 percent of salary) on employee contributions.

Members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation, with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but with an actuarial reduction.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost of living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. Some members who do not receive an annual increase are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

MPSERS provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by MPSERS, with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. Depending on the member's date of hire, this subsidized portion ranges from 80 percent to the maximum allowed by the statute.

Contributions

Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the Intermediate School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state Legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Under the OPEB plan, retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate.

June 30, 2022

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3 percent contribution to the retiree health care and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3 percent contribution and, instead, opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay health care expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 accounts as of their transition date, earning them a 2 percent employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stopped paying the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

The Intermediate School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are multiple different pension and health care benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire and the elections available at that time. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The ranges of rates are as follows:

	Pension	OPEB
October 1, 2020 - September 30, 2021	13.39% - 19.78%	7.57% - 8.43%
October 1, 2021 - September 30, 2022	13.73% - 20.14%	7.23% - 8.09%

Depending on the plan selected, member pension contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. For certain plan members, a 4 percent employer contribution to the defined contribution pension plan is required. In addition, for certain plan members, a 3 percent employer match is provided to the defined contribution pension plan.

The Intermediate School District's required and actual pension contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$22,110,858, which includes the Intermediate School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit. The Intermediate School District's required and actual pension contributions include an allocation of \$10,398,951 in revenue received from the State of Michigan and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) stabilization rate for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The Intermediate School District's required and actual OPEB contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$5,272,223, which includes the Intermediate School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2022, the Intermediate School District reported a liability of \$157,811,833 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2021. The Intermediate School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Intermediate School District's proportion was approximately 0.67 percent.

June 30, 2022

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2022, the Intermediate School District reported a liability of \$10,068,771 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2022 was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2021. The Intermediate School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Intermediate School District's proportion was approximately 0.66 and 0.68 percent, respectively, representing a change of approximately 3 percent.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For 2022, the Intermediate School District recognized pension expense of \$17,333,881, inclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL stabilization rate. At June 30, 2022, the Intermediate School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	2,444,573	\$	(929,324)
Changes in assumptions		9,947,894		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between the Intermediate		-		(50,735,997)
School District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		170,916		(2,843,936)
The Intermediate School District's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date		18,832,593	_	
Total	\$	31,395,976	\$	(54,509,257)

The \$10,398,951 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to the UAAL payment will be recognized as state appropriations revenue for the year ending June 30, 2023. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	 Amount
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (5,302,632) (9,739,878) (12,941,337) (13,962,027)
Total	\$ (41,945,874)

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Intermediate School District recognized an OPEB recovery of \$5,788,452.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the Intermediate School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ - 8,416,992	\$	(28,740,588) (1,259,496)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-		(7,589,014)
Changes in proportionate share or difference between amount contributed and proportionate share of contributions	569,993		(1,618,492)
Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	3,650,825		
Total	\$ 12,637,810	\$	(39,207,590)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (note that employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will reduce the net OPEB liability and, therefore, will not be included in future OPEB expense):

Years Ending	 Amount
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ (7,748,843) (7,168,303) (6,636,251) (6,090,715) (2,277,660) (298,833)
Total	\$ (30,220,605)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability and total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2021 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020 and rolled forward. The total pension liability and OPEB liability were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method		Entry age normal
Investment rate of return - Pension	6.00% - 6.80%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Investment rate of return - OPEB	6.95%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%	Including wage inflation of 2.75%
Health care cost trend rate - OPEB	5.25% - 7.75%	Year 1 graded to 3.5% in year 15, 3.0% in year 120
Mortality basis		RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality tables, scaled 100% (retirees: 82% for males and 78% for females) and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP- 2017 from 2006
Cost of living pension adjustments	3.00%	Annual noncompounded for MIP members

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation.

June 30, 2022

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Significant assumption changes since the prior measurement date, September 30, 2020, for the OPEB plan include a increase in the health care cost trend rate of 0.75 percentage points for members under 65 and a reduction from 7.0 percent to 5.25 percent for members over 65. There were no significant changes in assumptions for the pension actuarial valuation. There were no significant benefit terms changes for the pension or OPEB plans since the prior measurement date of September 30, 2020.

Significant assumption changes since the measurement date, September 30, 2021, for the pension and OPEB plan include a reduction of both plans' discount rates to 6.0 percent. The change increases the total plan's net pension liability by approximately \$8.1 billion and the total plan's net OPEB liability by approximately \$1.1 billion.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00 to 6.80 percent as of September 30, 2021 depending on the plan option. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.95 percent as of September 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that district contributions will be made at statutorily required rates.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and total OPEB liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00 %	5.40 %
Private equity pools	16.00	9.10
International equity pools	15.00	7.50
Fixed-income pools	10.50	(0.70)
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00	`5.40 [′]
Absolute return pools	9.00	2.60
Short-term investment pools	2.00	(1.30)
Real return/opportunistic pools	12.50	`6.10 [′]
Total	100.00 %	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expense and inflation of 2.0 percent.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Intermediate School District, calculated using the discount rate depending on the plan option. The following also reflects what the Intermediate School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	•	1 Percentage	Cui	rrent Discount	1	l Percentage
	Po	oint Decrease		Rate	Ρ	oint Increase
	_(;	5.00 - 5.80%)	_(6	.00 - 6.80%)	_(7	7.00 - 7.80%)
						_
Net pension liability of the Intermediate School						
District	\$	225,628,123	\$	157,811,833	\$	101,587,681

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Intermediate School District, calculated using the current discount rate. It also reflects what the Intermediate School District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage	Current Discount	1 Percentage
	Point Decrease	Rate	Point Increase
	(5.95%)	(6.95%)	(7.95%)
Net OPEB liability of the Intermediate School District	\$ 18,709,593	\$ 10,068,771	\$ 2,735,798

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Intermediate School District, calculated using the current health care cost trend rate. It also reflects what the Intermediate School District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	ercentage It Decrease	(Current Rate	Percentage oint Increase
Net OPEB liability of the Intermediate School District	\$ 2,450,659	\$	10,068,771	\$ 18,640,064

Pension Plan and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

Payable to the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2022, the Intermediate School District reported a payable of \$2,635,589 and \$322,077 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and OPEB plan, respectively, required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

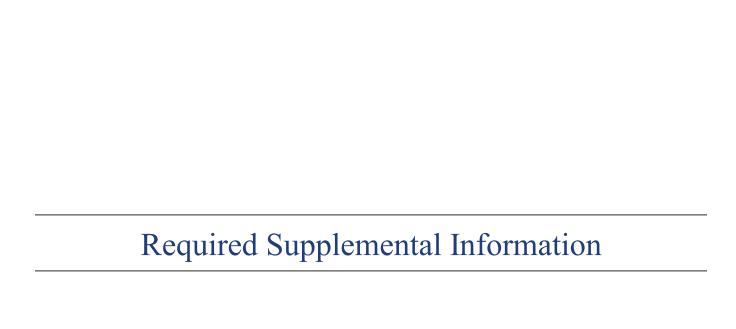
Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 11 - Tax Abatements

The Intermediate School District receives reduced property tax revenue as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (PA 198 of 1974) granted by cities, villages, and townships within the boundaries of the Intermediate School District. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Intermediate School District's property tax revenue was reduced by approximately \$1,011,000 under these programs.



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

	Original Budget	_ <u>F</u>	Final Budget	_	Actual	Jnder) Over inal Budget
Revenue Local sources State sources Federal sources Transfers and modifications	\$ 64,570,740 24,686,740 2,017,400 6,790,000	\$	66,965,072 33,318,228 12,522,933 6,613,000	\$	65,927,958 30,564,511 9,268,099 6,409,656	\$ (1,037,114) (2,753,717) (3,254,834) (203,344)
Total revenue	98,064,880		119,419,233		112,170,224	(7,249,009)
Expenditures Current:						
Instruction Support services:	519,476		426,785		310,439	(116,346)
Pupil	524,730		651,749		574,290	(77,459)
Instructional staff	10,370,166		14,392,727		9,578,292	(4,814,435)
Business/Administration	3,733,187		3,877,423		3,746,548	(130,875)
Operations and maintenance	2,451,000		2,663,000		2,554,071	(108,929)
Pupil transportation services	8,000		13,250		5,985	(7,265)
Central	7,329,484		8,064,768		7,328,612	(736,156)
Transfers and other	 73,075,837	_	88,233,248	_	85,745,225	 (2,488,023)
Total expenditures	98,011,880	_	118,322,950		109,843,462	(8,479,488)
Net Change in Fund Balance	53,000		1,096,283		2,326,762	1,230,479
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	 4,326,539		4,326,539	_	4,326,539	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 4,379,539	\$	5,422,822	<u>\$</u>	6,653,301	\$ 1,230,479

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Education Fund

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenue				
Local sources	\$ 94,288,00	0 \$ 95,111,243	\$ 95,348,074	\$ 236,831
State sources	51,997,27			(3,135,988)
Federal sources	39,841,16			(9,724,177)
Transfers and modifications	80,00	, ,		20,440
Total revenue	186,206,43	8 214,537,403	201,934,509	(12,602,894)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction - Added needs	47,232,00	0 44,358,238	43,890,774	(467,464)
Support services:				
Pupil	28,949,50	, ,	, ,	(2,254,485)
Instructional staff	9,922,03		, ,	(7,885,980)
Business/Administration	5,402,00	, ,		(46,871)
Operations and maintenance	6,354,00			(10,271)
Transportation	21,520,00	, ,		(1,466,468)
Central	990,26	, ,	,	(823,813)
Transfers and other	65,697,62	7 85,449,046	82,903,090	(2,545,956)
Total expenditures	186,067,43	8 212,361,398	196,860,090	(15,501,308)
Net Change in Fund Balance	139,00	0 2,176,005	5,074,419	2,898,414
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	13,844,64	5 13,844,645	13,844,645	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 13,983,64	<u>\$ 16,020,650</u>	\$ 18,919,064	\$ 2,898,414

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of the Intermediate School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Last Eight Plan Years Plan Years Ended September 30

	2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Intermediate School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.666	56 %	0.67491 %	0.67669 %	0.68215 %	0.67612 %	0.65887 %	0.65636 %	0.63461 %
Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 157,811	,833 \$	231,840,369	\$ 224,098,583	\$ 205,067,302	\$ 175,212,414	\$ 164,383,906	\$ 160,314,963 \$	S 139,783,440
Intermediate School District's covered payroll	\$ 59,623	,005 \$	60,167,683	\$ 58,948,323	\$ 58,219,107	\$ 57,226,108	\$ 55,595,505	\$ 54,722,474 \$	53,959,652
Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	264	68 %	385.32 %	380.16 %	352.23 %	306.18 %	295.68 %	292.96 %	259.05 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	72	32 %	59.49 %	62.12 %	62.12 %	63.96 %	63.01 %	62.92 %	66.15 %

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Pension Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

												•		scal Years ed June 30
	_	2022	 2021	_	2020	_	2019	 2018	_	2017		2016	_	2015
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	21,588,719	\$ 19,740,134	\$	17,982,262	\$	17,647,201	\$ 17,025,079	\$	16,026,681	\$	15,319,143	\$	11,830,906
statutorily required contribution		21,588,719	 19,740,134	_	17,982,262	_	17,647,201	 17,025,079	_	16,026,681	_	15,319,143		11,830,906
Contribution Deficiency	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Intermediate School District's Covered Payroll	\$	62,345,085	\$ 59,234,475	\$	59,865,334	\$	58,450,986	\$ 57,376,969	\$	59,219,121	\$	55,156,847	\$	54,590,261
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		34.63 %	33.33 %		30.04 %)	30.19 %	29.67 %		27.06 %)	27.77 %		21.67 %

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of the Intermediate School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

			Plan Ye	Last Five ars Ended Se	Plan Years eptember 30
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Intermediate School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.65965 %	0.67844 %	0.67402 %	0.68387 %	0.67471 %
Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 10.068.771	\$ 36.346.070	\$ 48.379.444	\$ 54,360,114	\$ 59.748.507

liability	\$ 10,068,771	\$ 36,346,070	\$ 48,379,444	\$ 54,360,114	\$ 59,748,507
Intermediate School District's covered payroll	\$ 59,623,005	\$ 60,167,683	\$ 58,948,323	\$ 58,219,107	\$ 57,226,108
Intermediate School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.89 %	60.41 %	82.07 %	93.37 %	104.41 %

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

							Last Five Years En			_
	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	2019		2018	_
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$	4,920,760 4,920,760	\$	4,850,844 4,850,844	\$	4,744,444 4,744,444	\$ 4,560,623 4,560,623	\$	4,122,189 4,122,189	
Contribution Deficiency	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	_
Intermediate School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 6	62,345,085	\$	59,234,475	\$	59,865,334	\$ 58,450,986	\$ 5	57,376,969	ı
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7.89 %		8.19 %		7.93 %	7.80 %		7.18 %	6

Notes to Required Supplemental Information

June 30, 2022

Pension Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the pension-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Change

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

The were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.45 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017.
- 2017 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points.

OPEB Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the OPEB-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

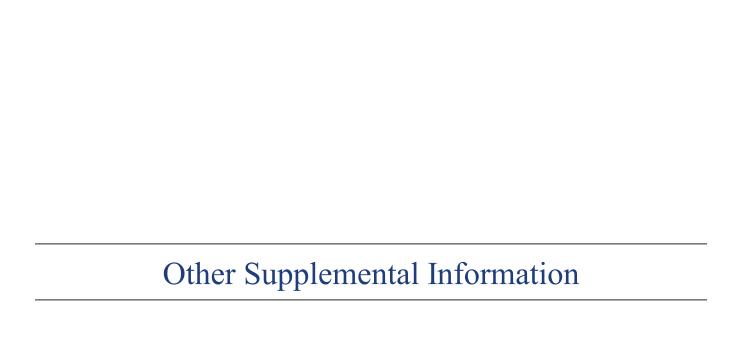
Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2021 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased by 0.75 percentage points for members under 65 and decreased by 1.75 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.3 billion in 2021.
- 2020 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points. This, in addition to the actual per person health benefit costs being lower than projected, reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.8 billion in 2020.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.20 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.4 billion in 2019.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.35 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.4 billion in 2018.



Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

									De	ebt Service		
				Special Rev	/er	ue Funds				Fund		
			С	ollaborative		Student	T	otal Special		Debt		
		School		Education		Activities		Revenue	R	etirement		
	Lu	nch Fund		Fund		Fund	_	Funds		Fund		Total
Accesso												
Assets Cash and investments Receivables - Due from other	\$	170,694	\$	3,703,834	\$	507,338	\$	4,381,866	\$	635,580	\$	5,017,446
governmental units		47,889		-		_		47,889		-		47,889
Prepaid costs		4,695		18,744	_	-		23,439		-		23,439
Total assets	\$	223,278	\$	3,722,578	\$	507,338	\$	4,453,194	\$	635,580	\$	5,088,774
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	69,646	\$	56,166	\$	_	\$	125,812	\$	2,997	\$	128,809
Due to other governmental units	Ψ	128	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	120,012	Ψ	2,007	Ψ	120,003
Other accrued liabilities		-		43,350		_		43,350		_		43,350
Unearned revenue		28,341		-		-		28,341		-		28,341
Total liabilities		98,115		99,516		-		197,631		2,997		200,628
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable - Prepaid costs		4,695		18,744				23,439				23,439
Restricted - Food service		120,468		10,744		_		120,468		-		120,468
Committed:		120, 100						120, 100				120, 100
Cooperative activities		-		3,604,318		-		3,604,318		-		3,604,318
Debt service		-		-		-		-		632,583		632,583
Student activities		-		-		507,338		507,338		-		507,338
Total fund balances		125,163		3,623,062	_	507,338		4,255,563		632,583	_	4,888,146
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	223,278	\$	3,722,578	\$	507,338	\$	4,453,194	\$	635,580	\$	5,088,774

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Special Rev	enue Funds		Debt Service Fund	
	School Lunch Fund	Collaborative Education Fund	Student Activities Fund	Student Total Special Activities Revenue		Total
Revenue						
Local sources	\$ 371	Ψ σ,.σσ	\$ 280,353			\$ 628,174
State sources	(17,689)	-	-	(17,689)	-	(17,689)
Federal sources	707,138	-	-	707,138	-	707,138
Interdistrict sources		3,183,165		3,183,165		3,183,165
Total revenue	689,820	3,530,615	280,353	4,500,788	-	4,500,788
Expenditures Current:						
Instruction		2,479,643		2,479,643		2,479,643
Support services	450	1,183,595	350,616	1,534,661	_	1,534,661
Food services	658,808	1,100,000	-	658,808	_	658,808
Debt service:	000,000			000,000		000,000
Principal	_	_	_	_	570,000	570,000
Interest	_	_	_	-	32,230	32.230
Capital outlay	86,518			86,518		86,518
Total expenditures	745,776	3,663,238	350,616	4,759,630	602,230	5,361,860
Net Change in Fund Balances	(55,956)	(132,623)	(70,263)	(258,842)	(602,230)	(861,072)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	181,119	3,755,685	577,601	4,514,405	1,234,813	5,749,218
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 125,163	\$ 3,623,062	\$ 507,338	\$ 4,255,563	\$ 632,583	\$ 4,888,146

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds

June 30, 2022

	Cooperative ucation Fund	Compensated Absence and Self-Insurance Fund	Total
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 358,616	\$ 15,257,660	\$ 15,616,276
Prepaid costs	-	75,000	75,000
Other assets	 -	7,398	 7,398
Total current assets	358,616	15,340,058	15,698,674
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Other accrued liabilities	_	1,904,942	1,904,942
Provision for compensated absences and severance		.,00.,0.=	.,00.,0.=
pay	_	1,481,532	1,481,532
Provision for self-insurance	-	1,339,808	1,339,808
Total current liabilities	-	4,726,282	4,726,282
Noncurrent liabilities - Provision for compensated			
absences and severance pay	-	2,003,401	2,003,401
Total liabilities	 -	6,729,683	 6,729,683
Net Position - Unrestricted	\$ 358,616	\$ 8,610,375	\$ 8,968,991

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

	Cooperative ucation Fund	Compensated Absence and Self-Insurance Fund		Total
Operating Revenue - Charges for compensated absences, severance pay, and self-insurance costs	\$ -	\$ 20,717,162 \$	2	20,717,162
Operating Expenses - Fringe benefits, purchased services, and supplies and materials	-	21,199,296	2	21,199,296
Change in Net Position	-	(482,134)		(482,134)
Net Position - Beginning of year	 358,616	 9,092,509		9,451,125
Net Position - End of year	\$ 358,616	\$ 8,610,375 \$		8,968,991

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

	ooperative ucation Fund	1	Compensated Absence and elf-Insurance Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers, interfund services, and reimbursements Fringe benefits, claims, purchased services, and other amounts paid	\$ - -	\$	20,709,764 \$ (21,792,268)	20,709,764 (21,792,268)
Net Decrease in Cash and Investments - Net cash used in operating activities	-		(1,082,504)	(1,082,504)
Cash and Investments - Beginning of year	 358,616		16,340,164	16,698,780
Cash and Investments - End of year	\$ 358,616	\$	15,257,660 \$	15,616,276
Reconciliation of Change in Net Position to Net Cash from Operating Activities Change in net position Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net cash from operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities:	\$ -	\$	(482,134) \$	(482,134)
Prepaid and other assets	-		(7,398)	(7,398)
Provision for compensated absences, severance pay, and self-insurance liability Accrued and other liabilities	 - -		(451,243) (141,729)	(451,243) (141,729)
Net cash and investments used in operating activities	\$ -	\$	(1,082,504) \$	(1,082,504)